



JBoss Drools - Viva Le Drools

Declarative Behavioural Modelling

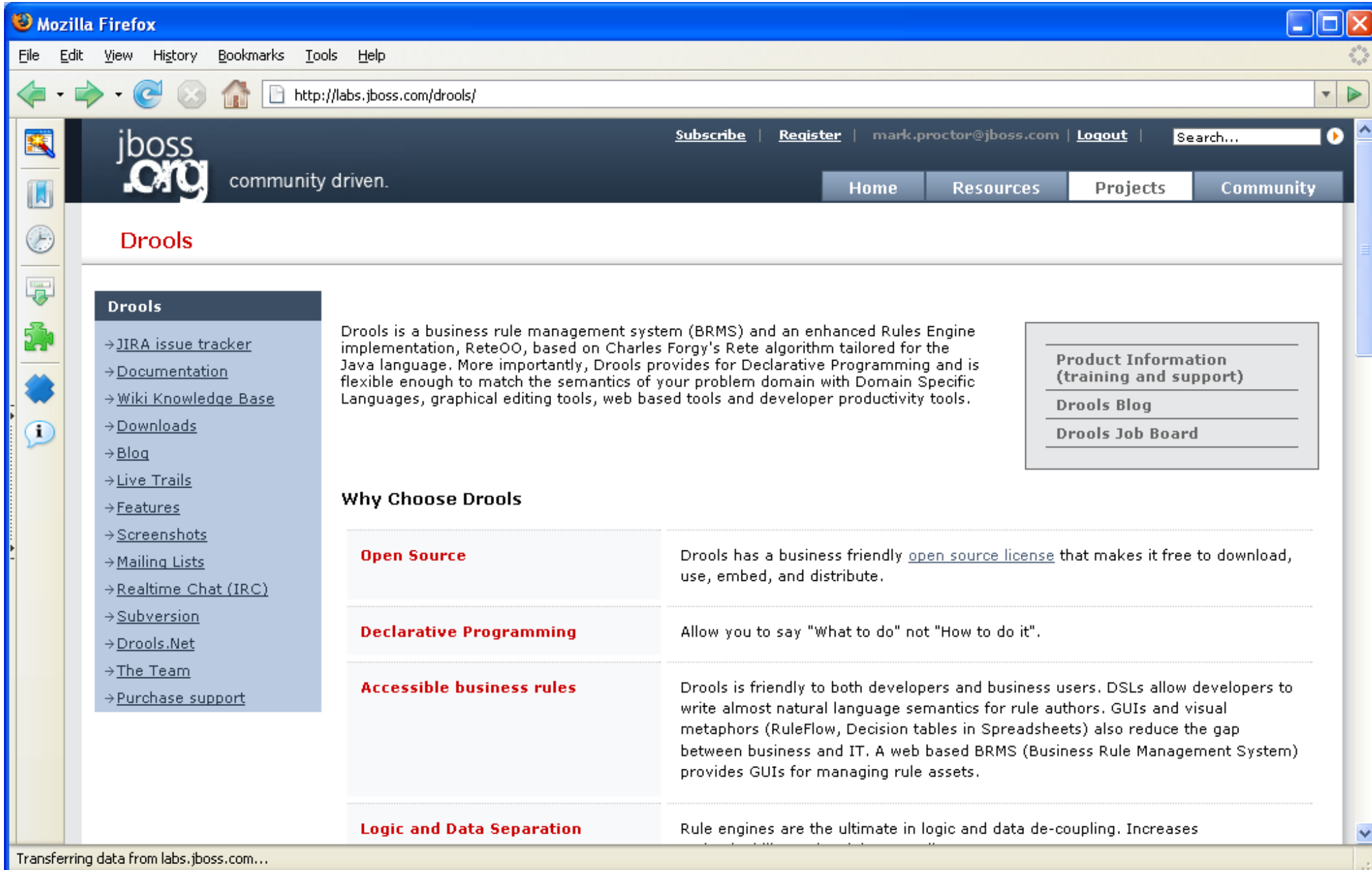
An Integrated AI approach



Mark Proctor

Project Lead

- The SkyNet funding bill is passed.
- The system goes online on August 4th, 1997.
- Human decisions are removed from strategic defense.
- SkyNet begins to learn at a geometric rate.
- It becomes self-aware at 2:14am Eastern time, August 29th
- In a panic, they try to pull the plug.
- And Skynet fights back



The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window displaying the Drools website. The address bar shows the URL <http://labs.jboss.com/drools/>. The page header includes the JBoss logo and the text "community driven." with navigation links for Home, Resources, Projects, and Community. The main content area features a sidebar with a "Drools" menu containing links to JIRA issue tracker, Documentation, Wiki Knowledge Base, Downloads, Blog, Live Trails, Features, Screenshots, Mailing Lists, Realtime Chat (IRC), Subversion, Drools.Net, The Team, and Purchase support. The main content area has a heading "Drools" followed by a paragraph describing it as a business rule management system (BRMS) and an enhanced Rules Engine implementation, ReteOO, based on Charles Forgy's Rete algorithm. To the right of this paragraph is a box titled "Product Information (training and support)" containing links to "Drools Blog" and "Drools Job Board". Below this is a section titled "Why Choose Drools" with four rows, each containing a bolded heading and a descriptive paragraph: "Open Source" (Drools has a business friendly open source license...), "Declarative Programming" (Allow you to say "What to do" not "How to do it".), "Accessible business rules" (Drools is friendly to both developers and business users...), and "Logic and Data Separation" (Rule engines are the ultimate in logic and data de-coupling...).

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http://labs.jboss.com/drools/

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Drools

Drools

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- [The Team](#)
- [Purchase support](#)

Drools is a business rule management system (BRMS) and an enhanced Rules Engine implementation, ReteOO, based on Charles Forgy's Rete algorithm tailored for the Java language. More importantly, Drools provides for Declarative Programming and is flexible enough to match the semantics of your problem domain with Domain Specific Languages, graphical editing tools, web based tools and developer productivity tools.

Product Information (training and support)

- [Drools Blog](#)
- [Drools Job Board](#)

Why Choose Drools

Open Source	Drools has a business friendly open source license that makes it free to download, use, embed, and distribute.
Declarative Programming	Allow you to say "What to do" not "How to do it".
Accessible business rules	Drools is friendly to both developers and business users. DSLs allow developers to write almost natural language semantics for rule authors. GUIs and visual metaphors (RuleFlow, Decision tables in Spreadsheets) also reduce the gap between business and IT. A web based BRMS (Business Rule Management System) provides GUIs for managing rule assets.
Logic and Data Separation	Rule engines are the ultimate in logic and data de-coupling. Increases

Transferring data from labs.jboss.com...



Drools - Because Knowledge Matters - Mozilla Firefox

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Drools

Your hosts: [Mark Proctor](#), [Michael Neale](#), [Edson Tirelli](#) and [Fernando Meyer](#).

Tuesday, November 06, 2007

Drools now has 1725 unit and integration tests

Posted by Mark Proctor

One of the great things about Open Source is we are totally open and transparent, so it's very easy to make a judgement on the level of quality of the software and the efforts gone into QA. On this note we would like to bring to everyone's attention that Drools now has 1725 unit and integration tests - which I think is high by anyone's standard - none of these tests were produced by code generation. This report is shown as part our Hudson built test results page, <https://hudson.jboss.org/hudson/job/drools/983/testReport/>.

Our Hudson build server, <https://hudson.jboss.org/hudson/job/drools/>, builds Drools after every commit and makes distribution zips publicly available [here](#), so you can always get the latest trunk build for your own testing.

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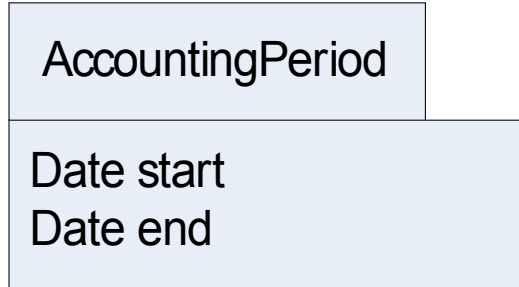
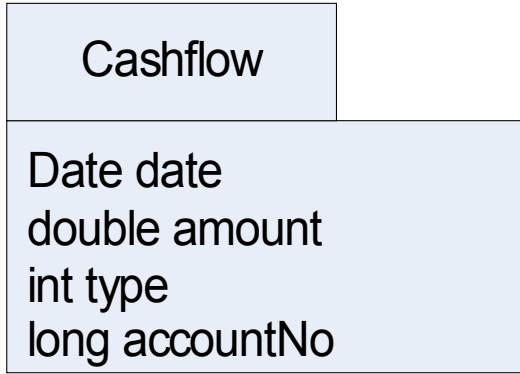
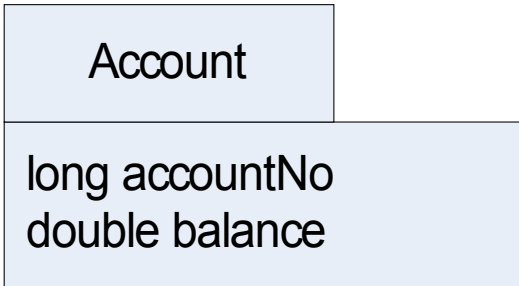
Drools Job Board

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Blog Archive

- ▼ 2007 (113)
 - ▼ November (3)
 - [Drools now has 1725 unit and integration tests](#)
 - [Irish Java Technology Conference - 9th of November...](#)
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 - ▶ August (15)
 - ▶ July (18)



date	amount	type	accountNo
12-Jan-07	100	CREDIT	1
2-Feb-07	200	DEBIT	1
18-May-07	50	CREDIT	1
9-Mar-07	75	CREDIT	1

AccountingPeriod	
start	end
01-Jan-07	31-Mar-07

Account	
accountNo	balance
1	0

increase balance for AccountPeriod Credits

```
select * from Account acc,
        Cashflow cf, AccountingPeriod ap
where acc.accountNo == cf.accountNo and
      cf.type == CREDIT
      cf.date >= ap.start and
      cf.date <= ap.end
```

```
trigger : acc.balance += cf.amount
```

CashFlow		
date	amount	type
12-Jan-07	100	CREDIT
18-May-07	50	CREDIT

Account	
accountNo	balance
1	-50

decrease balance for AccountPeriod Debits

```
select * from Account acc,
        Cashflow cf, AccountingPeriod ap
where acc.accountNo == cf.accountNo and
      cf.type == DEBIT
      cf.date >= ap.start and
      cf.date <= ap.end
```

```
trigger : acc.balance -= cf.amount
```

CashFlow		
date	amount	type
2-Feb-07	200	DEBIT

date	amount	type	accountNo
12-Jan-07	100	CREDIT	1
2-Feb-07	200	DEBIT	1
18-May-07	50	CREDIT	1
9-Mar-07	75	CREDIT	1

AccountingPeriod	
start	end
01-Apr-07	30-Jun-07

Account	
accountNo	balance
1	0

increase balance for AccountPeriod Credits

```
select * from Account acc,
        Cashflow cf, AccountingPeriod ap
where acc.accountNo == cf.accountNo and
      cf.type == CREDIT
      cf.date >= ap.start and
      cf.date <= ap.end
```

```
trigger : acc.balance += cf.amount
```

CashFlow		
date	amount	type
2-Feb-07	200	CREDIT

Account	
accountNo	balance
1	150

decrease balance for AccountPeriod Debits

```
select * from Account acc,
        Cashflow cf, AccountingPeriod ap
where acc.accountNo == cf.accountNo and
      cf.type == DEBIT
      cf.date >= ap.start and
      cf.date <= ap.end
```

```
trigger : acc.balance -= cf.amount
```

CashFlow		
date	amount	type

Quotes on Rule names are optional if the rule name has no spaces.

```
" rule <name>
    <attribute> <value>
    when
        <LHS>
    then
        <RHS>
    end
```

salience	<int>
agenda-group	<string>
no-loop	<boolean>
auto-focus	<boolean>
duration	<long>

RHS can be any valid java.
Future versions will support other languages, i.e Groovy

Methods that must be called directly

specific passing of instances

```
" public void helloMark(Person person) {  
    if ( person.getName().equals( mark ) {  
        System.out.println( Hello Mark );  
    }  
}
```

Rules can never be called directly

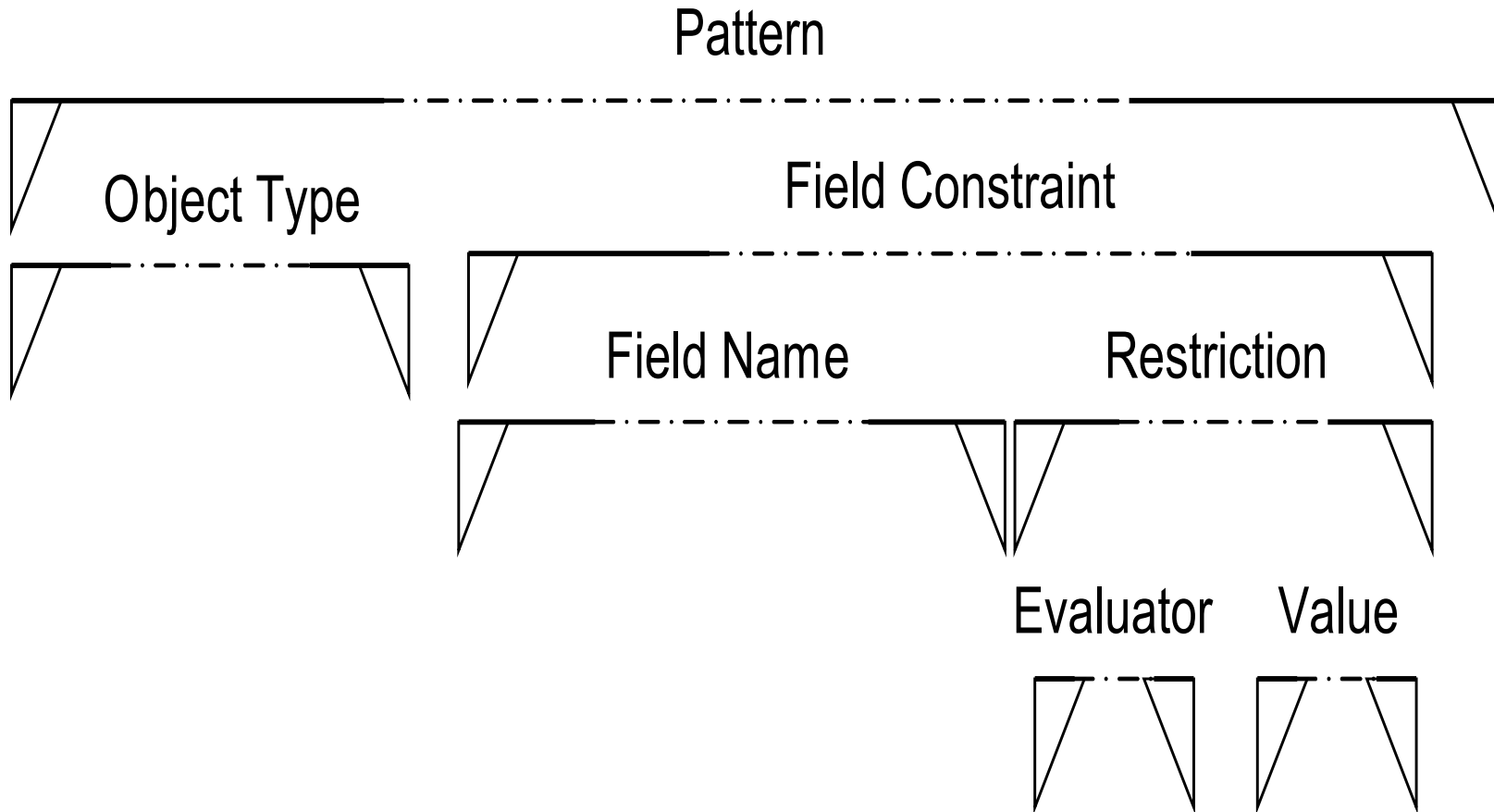
Specific instances cannot be passed.

```
" rule Hello Mark  
  when  
    Person( name mark )  
  then  
    System.out.println( Hello Mark );  
end
```

LHS

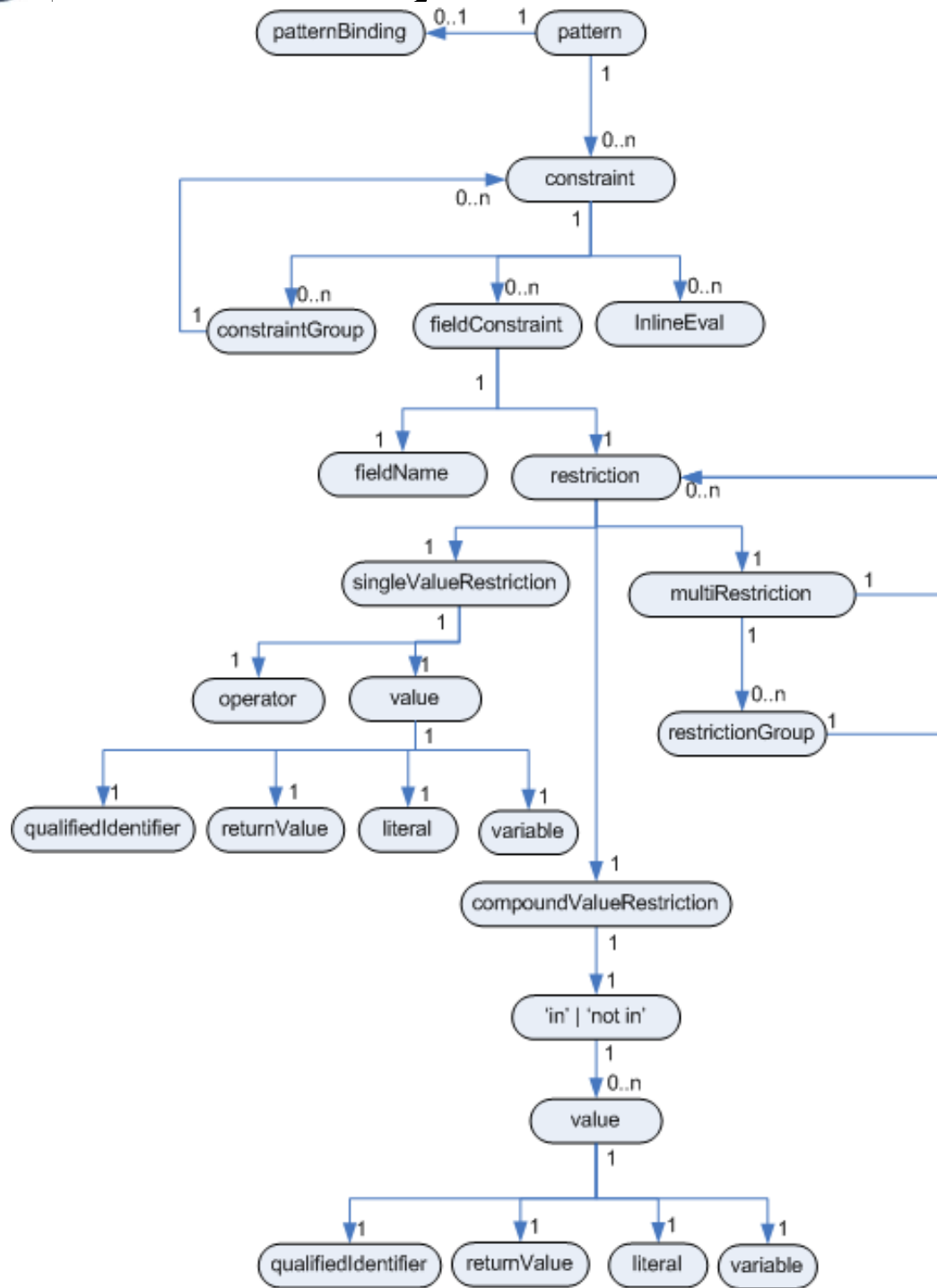
RHS

What is a Pattern



Show(temperature == "hot")

Anatomy of a Pattern



Our First Rule

```
select * from Account acc,  
        Cashflow cf, AccountPeriod ap  
where acc.accountNo == cf.accountNo and  
      cf.type == CREDIT  
      cf.date >= ap.start and  
      cf.date <= ap.end
```

Pattern Binding

Pattern

field Binding

```
rule "increase balance for AccountPeriod Credits"  
when
```

```
  ap : AccountPeriod()  
  acc : Account( $accountNo : accountNo )  
  CashFlow( type == CREDIT,  
            accountNo == $accountNo,  
            date >= ap.start && <= ap.end,  
            $ammount : ammount
```

Variable Restriction

Literal Restriction

```
  then  
    acc.balance += $ammount;  
end
```

Multri Restriction - Variable Restriction

field Binding

Consequence (RHS)

Rules as a “view”

date	amount	type	accountNo
12-Jan-07	100	CREDIT	1
2-Feb-07	200	DEBIT	1
18-May-07	50	CREDIT	1
9-Mar-07	75	CREDIT	1

AccountingPeriod	
start	end
01-Jan-07	31-Mar-07

Account	
accountNo	balance
1	0

```
rule "increase balance for AccountPeriod Credits"
when
  ap : AccountingPeriod()
  acc : Account( $accountNo : accountNo )

  CashFlow( type == CREDIT,
             accountNo == $accountNo,
             date >= ap.start && <= ap.end,
             $ammount : ammount )
then
  acc.balance += $ammount;
end
```

CashFlow		
date	amount	type
12-Jan-07	100	CREDIT
18-May-07	50	CREDIT

Account	
accountNo	balance
1	-50

```
rule "decrease balance for AccountPeriod Debits"
when
  ap : AccountingPeriod()
  acc : Account( $accountNo : accountNo )

  CashFlow( type == DEBIT,
             accountNo == $accountNo,
             date >= ap.start && <= ap.end,
             $ammount : ammount )
then
  acc.balance -= $ammount;
end
```

CashFlow		
date	amount	type
2-Feb-07	200	DEBIT

Rules as a “view”

date	amount	type	accountNo
12-Jan-07	100	CREDIT	1
2-Feb-07	200	DEBIT	1
18-May-07	50	CREDIT	1
9-Mar-07	75	CREDIT	1

AccountingPeriod	
start	end
01-Apr-07	30-Jun-07

Account	
accountNo	balance
1	0

```
rule "increase balance for AccountPeriod
Credits"
when
  ap : AccountPeriod()
  acc : Account( $accountNo : accountNo )

  CashFlow( type == CREDIT,
             accountNo == $accountNo,
             date >= ap.start && <= ap.end,
             $ammount : ammount )
then
  acc.balance += $amount;
end
```

CashFlow		
date	amount	type
2-Feb-07	200	CREDIT

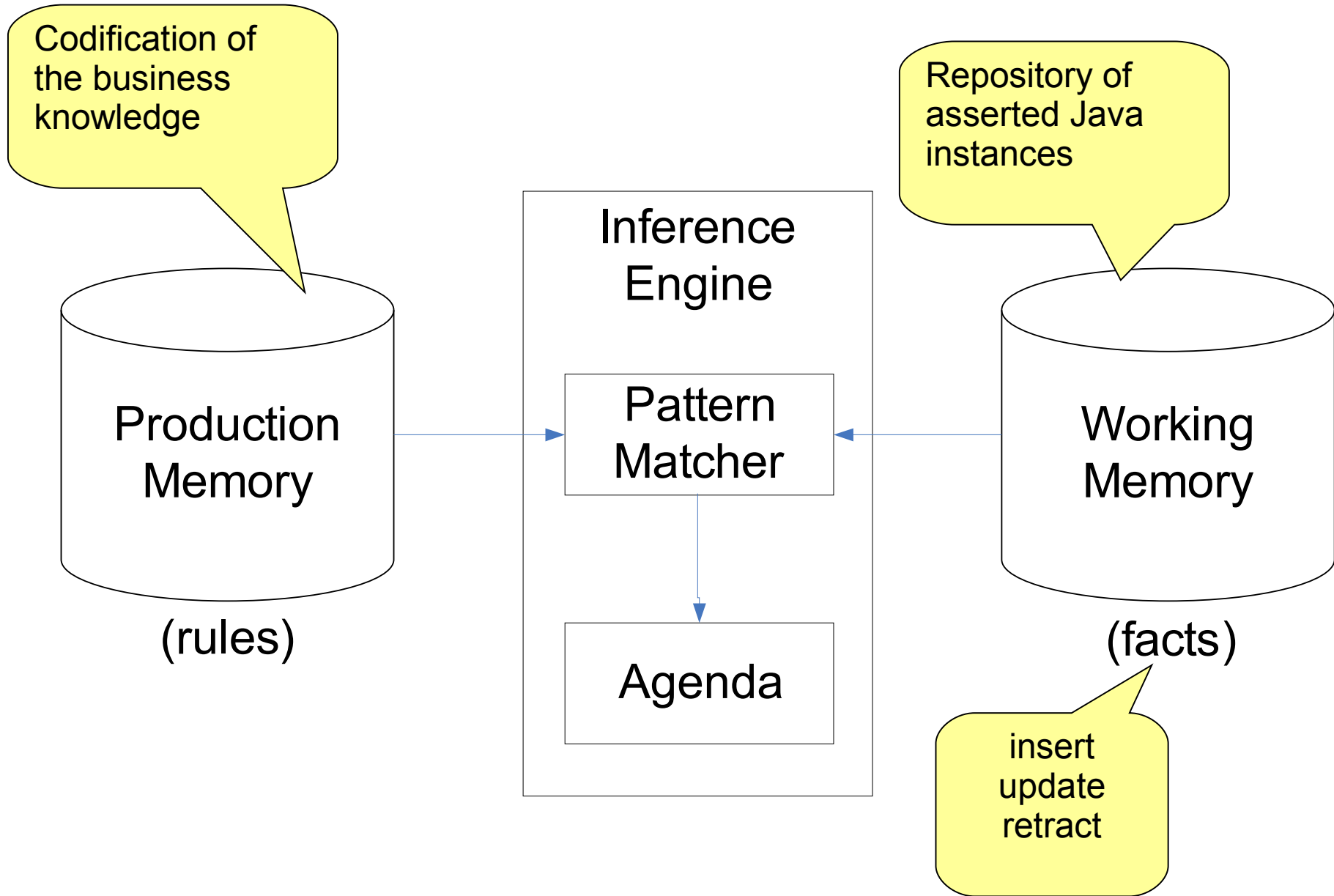
Account	
accountNo	balance
1	150

```
rule "decrease balance for AccountPeriod
Debits"
when
  ap : AccountPeriod()
  acc : Account( $accountNo : accountNo )

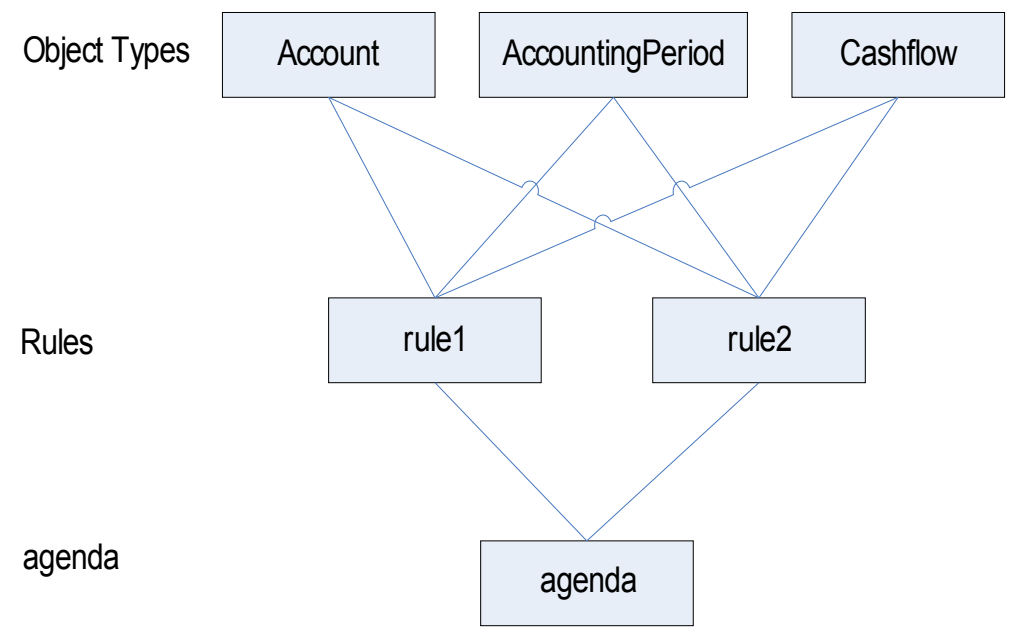
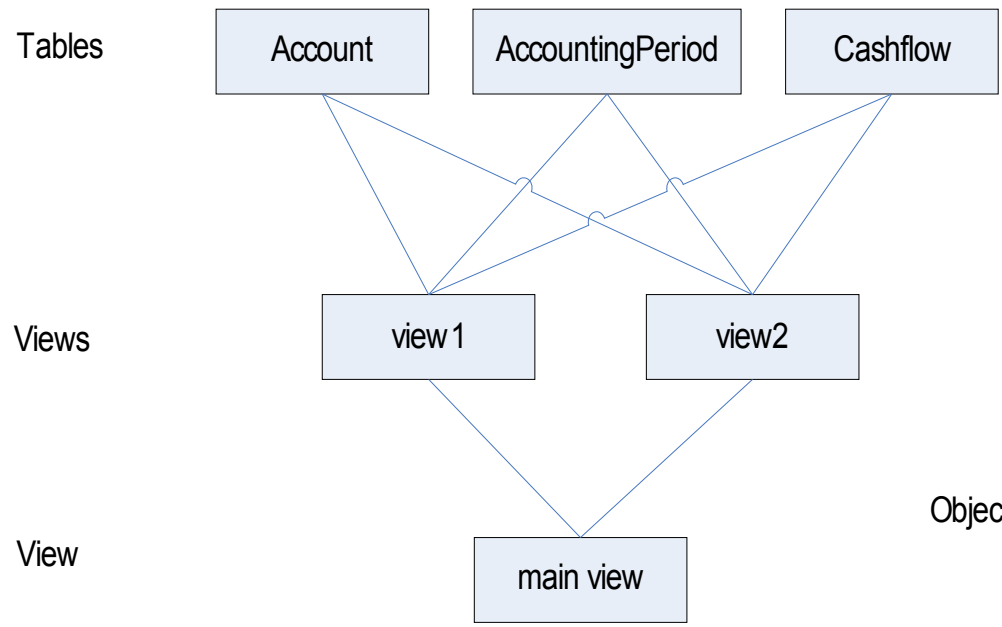
  CashFlow( type == DEBIT,
             accountNo == $accountNo,
             date >= ap.start && <= ap.end,
             $ammount : ammount )
then
  acc.balance -= $amount;
end
```

CashFlow		
date	amount	type

What is a Production Rule System



Production Rule System Approximated by SQL and Views

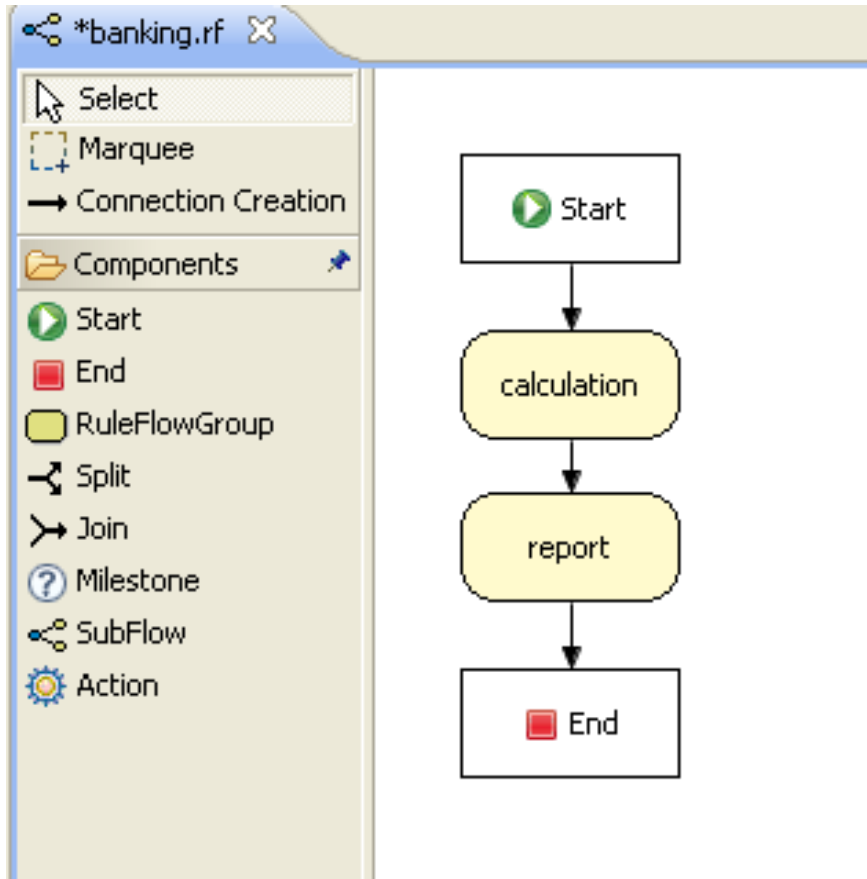




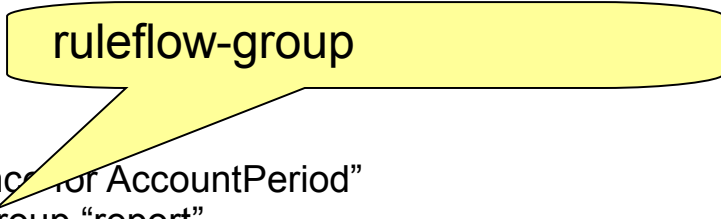
Saliency

```
rule "Print balance for AccountPeriod"  
  salience -50  
  when  
    ap : AccountPeriod()  
    acc : Account( )  
  then  
    System.out.println( acc.accountNo + " : " acc.balance );  
  end
```

Agenda		
1	increase balance	arbitrary
2	decrease balance	
3	increase balance	
4	print balance	



```
rule "increase balance for AccountPeriod Credits"
  ruleflow-group "calculation"
  when
    ap : AccountPeriod()
    acc : Account( $accountNo : accountNo )
    CashFlow( type == CREDIT,
              accountNo == $accountNo,
              date >= ap.start && <= ap.end,
              $amount : amount )
  then
    acc.balance += $amount;
  end
```



```
rule "Print balance for AccountPeriod"
  ruleflow-group "report"
  when
    ap : AccountPeriod()
    acc : Account( )
  then
    System.out.println( acc.accountNo + " : " acc.balance );
  end
```

```
not Bus( color == "red" )
```



not

```
rule "increase balance for AccountPeriod Credits"  
  when  
    ap : AccountingPeriod( )  
    not AccountingPeriod( start < ap.start)  
    acc : Account( $accountNo : accountNo )  
  
    CashFlow( type == CREDIT,  
              accountNo == $accountNo,  
              date >= ap.start && <= ap.end,  
              $ammount : ammount )  
  
  then  
    acc.balance += $amount;  
  end
```

'not', 'exists', 'forall'

```
rule "Test 01 - Credit Cashflow"  
    salience 100  
when  
    UpdatingAccount( $amount : amount )  
    CurrentAccountingPeriod( $start : start, $end : end )  
    Number( $sum : doubleValue )  
        from accumulate( $c : Cashflow( type==Cashflow.CREDIT,  
                                        account == $account,  
                                        date >= $start && <= $end,  
                                        $amount : amount )  
                        sum( $c.getAmount() ) )  
then  
    System.out.println( "CREDIT : " + $end + " : " + $sum );  
    $account.balance += $sum;  
end
```

'from', 'collect', 'accumulate'

Namespace for all package members

```
package com.sample
```

```
import java.util.Map  
import com.sample.Cheese
```

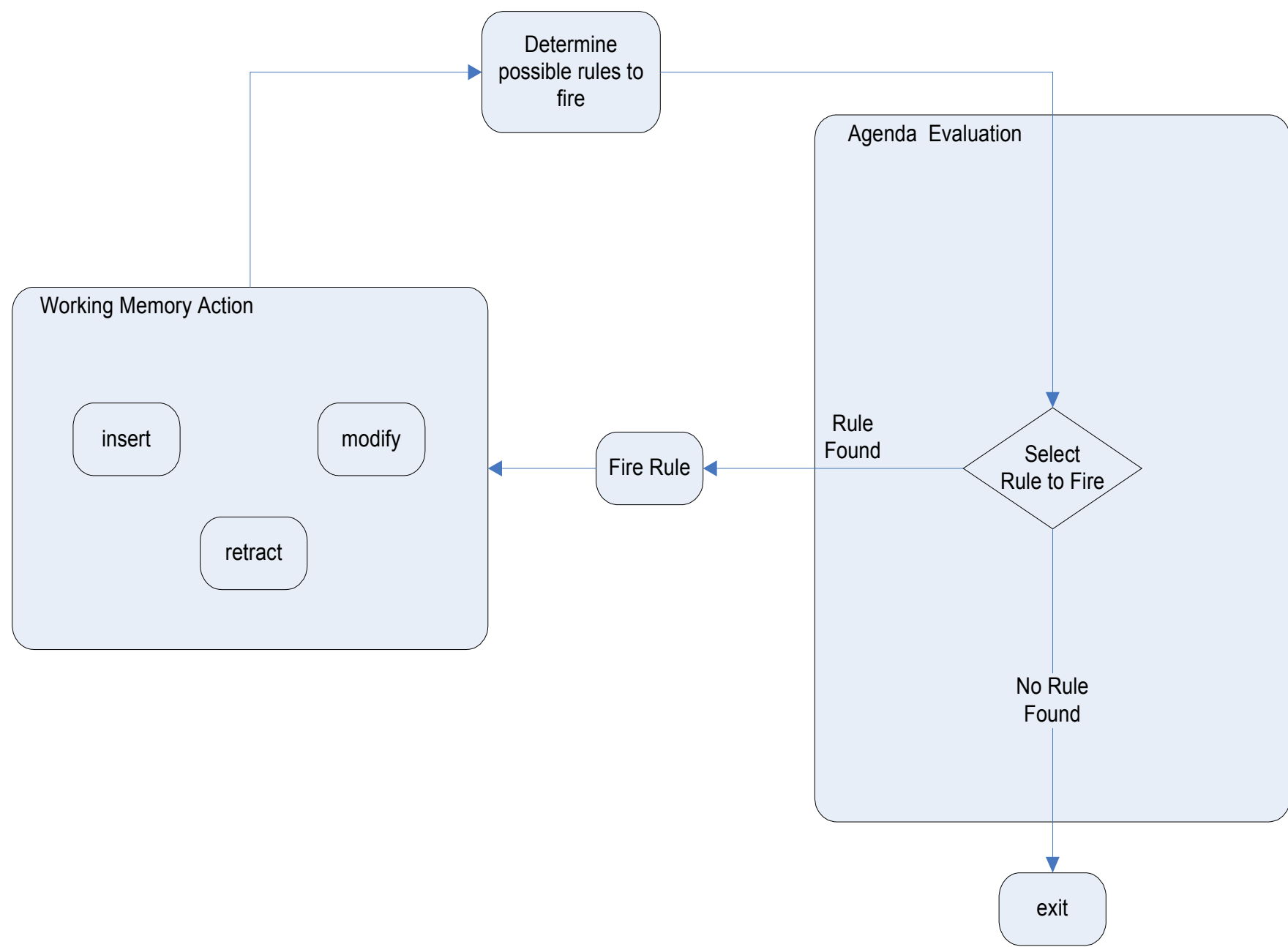
Imports can be used in functions and rules. Uses valid java import syntax

```
global Cheese cheese
```

```
function void exampleFunction(Cheese cheese) {  
    System.out.println( cheese );  
}
```

```
rule    A Cheesy Rule  
    when  
        &  
    then  
        &  
end
```

Two Phase System



- Engine
 - Full Rete Implementation -- with high performance indexing
 - Dynamic RuleBases
 - Stateful and Stateless Execution Modes
 - Async operations
 - Rete and Sequential Rete
 - Rule Agent
 - Optional Data Shadowing
 - Pluggeable Dialects
- Propositional Logic
 - Literal Restriction
 - Variable Restriction
 - Return Value Restriction
 - Jointed and dis-jointed Connectives allowed - '&&' '||'
 - inline-Eval

- First Order Logic (Quantifiers)
 - And
 - Or
 - Exists
 - Not
 - Accumulate
 - Collect
 - From
 - Forall
 - Nesting of any CE inside of 'and' and 'or'
 - Support for both infix and prefix 'and' / 'or' CEs
 - Nesting and Chaining of 'from', 'accumulate', 'collect'

- Execution Control
 - Conflict Resolution (salience) Now pluggable
 - Agenda Filters
 - Agenda Groups
 - Activation Groups
 - Rule Flow
 - Attributes (no-loop, lock-on-active)
- Temporal Rules
 - Scheduler for rule duration will fire when a rule is true for X duration
- Truth maintenance
 - Logical Insertions
- Event Model
 - Working Memory, Agenda, Rule Flow and Rule Base

Debug - StateExampleUsingSalienc... - Eclipse SDK

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

100%

Debug

StateExampleUsingSalienc... [Drools Application]

- org.drools.examples.StateExampleUsingSalienc... at localhost:4861
- Thread [main] (Suspended (breakpoint at line 8 in Rule_A_to_B_0))
 - Rule_A_to_B_0.consequence(KnowledgeHelper, State, FactHandle) line: 21
 - Rule_A_to_B_0ConsequenceInvoker.evaluate(KnowledgeHelper, WorkingMemory) line: 22
 - DefaultAgenda.fireActivation(Activation) line: not available
 - DefaultAgenda.fireNextItem(AgendaFilter) line: not available
 - ReteooWorkingMemory(AbtractWorkingMemory).fireAllRules(AgendaFilter) line: not available
 - ReteooWorkingMemory(AbtractWorkingMemory).fireAllRules() line: not available
 - StateExampleUsingSalienc... main(String[]) line: 47

Variables

Name	Value
b	State (id=1268)
changes	PropertyChangeSupport (id=1297)
name	"B"
state	1

StateExampleUsingSalienc... drl

```

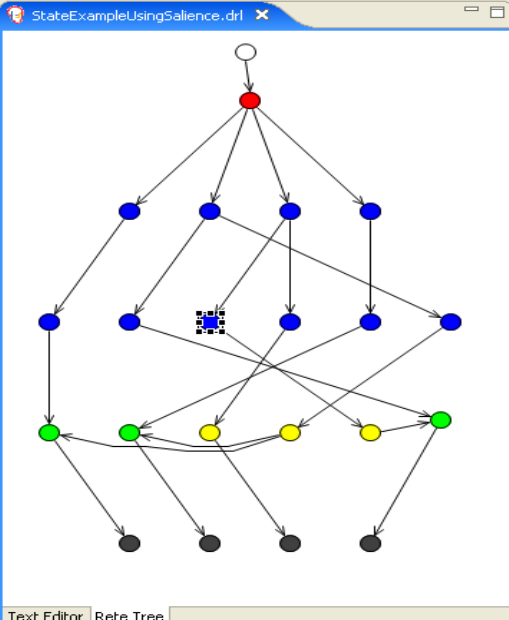
import org.drools.examples.State;

rule Bootstrap
when
  a : State(name == "A", state == State.NOTRUN )
then
  System.out.println(a.getName() + " finished" );
  a.setState( State.FINISHED );
end

rule "A to B"
when
  State(name == "A", state == State.FINISHED )
  b : State(name == "B", state == State.NOTRUN )
then
  b.setState( State.FINISHED );
  System.out.println(b.getName() + " finished" );
end

rule "B to C"
salience 10
when
  State(name == "B", state == State.FINISHED )
  c : State(name == "C", state == State.NOTRUN )
then
  System.out.println(c.getName() + " finished" );
end
    
```

StateExampleUsingSalienc... drl



Properties

Property	Value
Constraint	[LiteralConstraint fieldExtr...
Evaluator	Integer ==
Field Name	state
Name	Alpha BaseVertex
Value	1

Outline

- org.drools.examples
 - A to B
 - B to C
 - B to D
 - Bootstrap
 - org.drools.examples.State

Text Editor | Rete Tree

Text Editor | Rete Tree

Global Data View

The selected working memory has no globals defined.

A finished

Audit View

- Object asserted (1): A[NOTRUN]
- Activation created: Rule Bootstrap a=A[NOTRUN](1)
- Object asserted (2): B[NOTRUN]
- Object asserted (3): C[NOTRUN]
- Object asserted (4): D[NOTRUN]
- Activation executed: Rule Bootstrap a=A[NOTRUN](1)
 - Object modified (1): A[FINISHED]
 - Activation created: Rule A to B b=B[NOTRUN](2)
- Activation executed: Rule A to B b=B[NOTRUN](2)
 - Object modified (2): B[FINISHED]
 - Activation created: Rule B to C c=C[NOTRUN](3)
 - Activation created: Rule B to D d=D[NOTRUN](4)
- Activation executed: Rule B to C c=C[NOTRUN](3)
 - Object modified (3): C[FINISHED]
- Activation executed: Rule B to D d=D[NOTRUN](4)
 - Object modified (4): D[FINISHED]

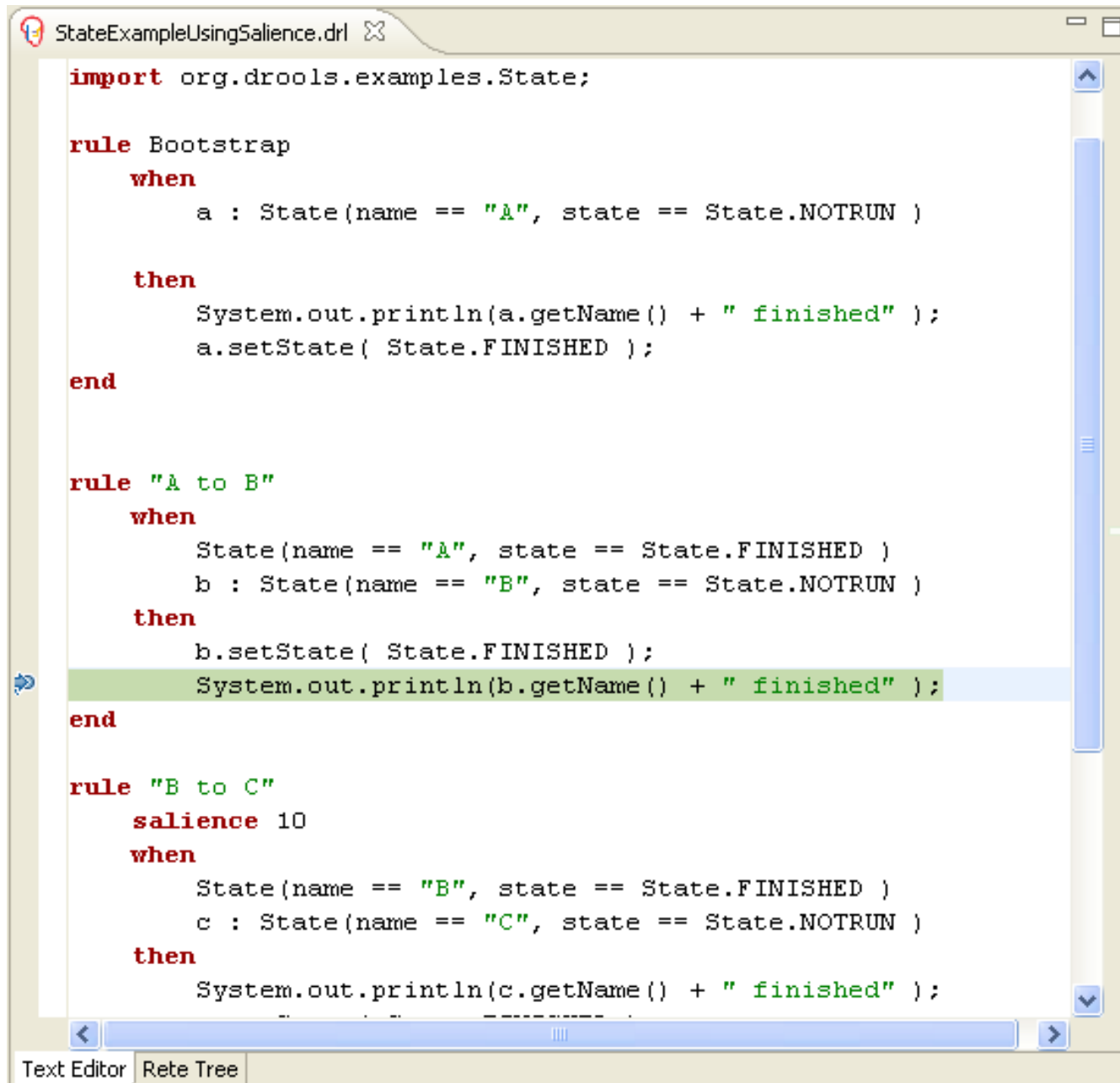
Agenda View

- MAIN[Focus]= AgendaGroupImpl (id=1259)
 - [0]= AgendaItem (id=1262)
 - ruleName= "B to C"
 - c= State (id=1269)
 - [1]= AgendaItem (id=1263)
 - ruleName= "B to D"
 - d= State (id=1270)

Working Memory View

- [0]= State (id=1268)
- [1]= State (id=1269)
 - FINISHED= 1
 - NOTRUN= 0
 - changes= PropertyChangeSupport (id=1294)
 - name= "C"
 - state= 0
- [2]= State (id=1270)
- [3]= State (id=1271)

Writable Insert 21 : 1



```
StateExampleUsingSalience.drl ✕
import org.drools.examples.State;

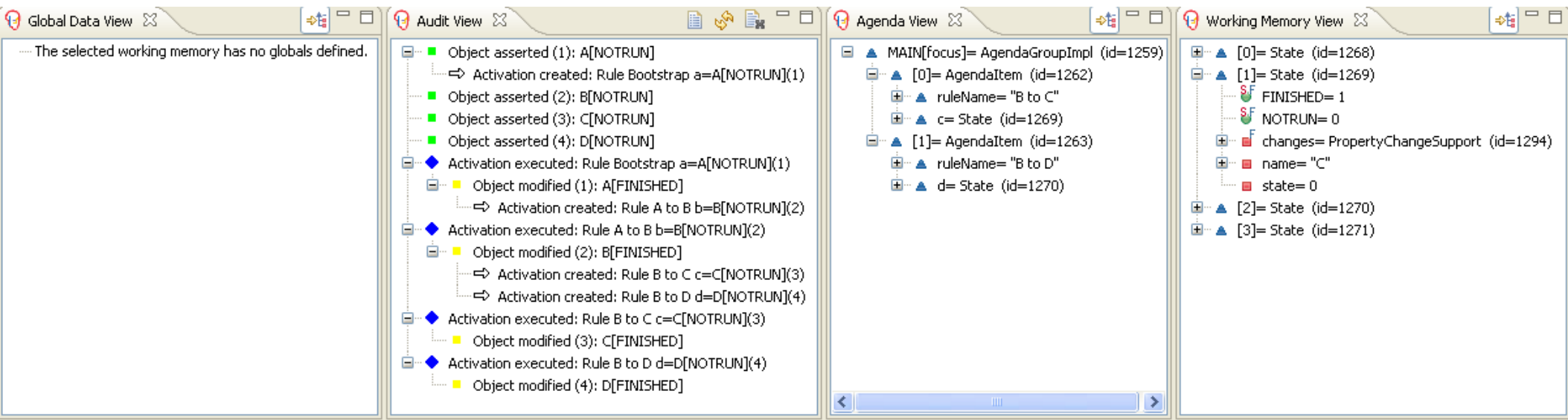
rule Bootstrap
  when
    a : State(name == "A", state == State.NOTRUN )

  then
    System.out.println(a.getName() + " finished" );
    a.setState( State.FINISHED );
  end

rule "A to B"
  when
    State(name == "A", state == State.FINISHED )
    b : State(name == "B", state == State.NOTRUN )
  then
    b.setState( State.FINISHED );
    System.out.println(b.getName() + " finished" );
  end

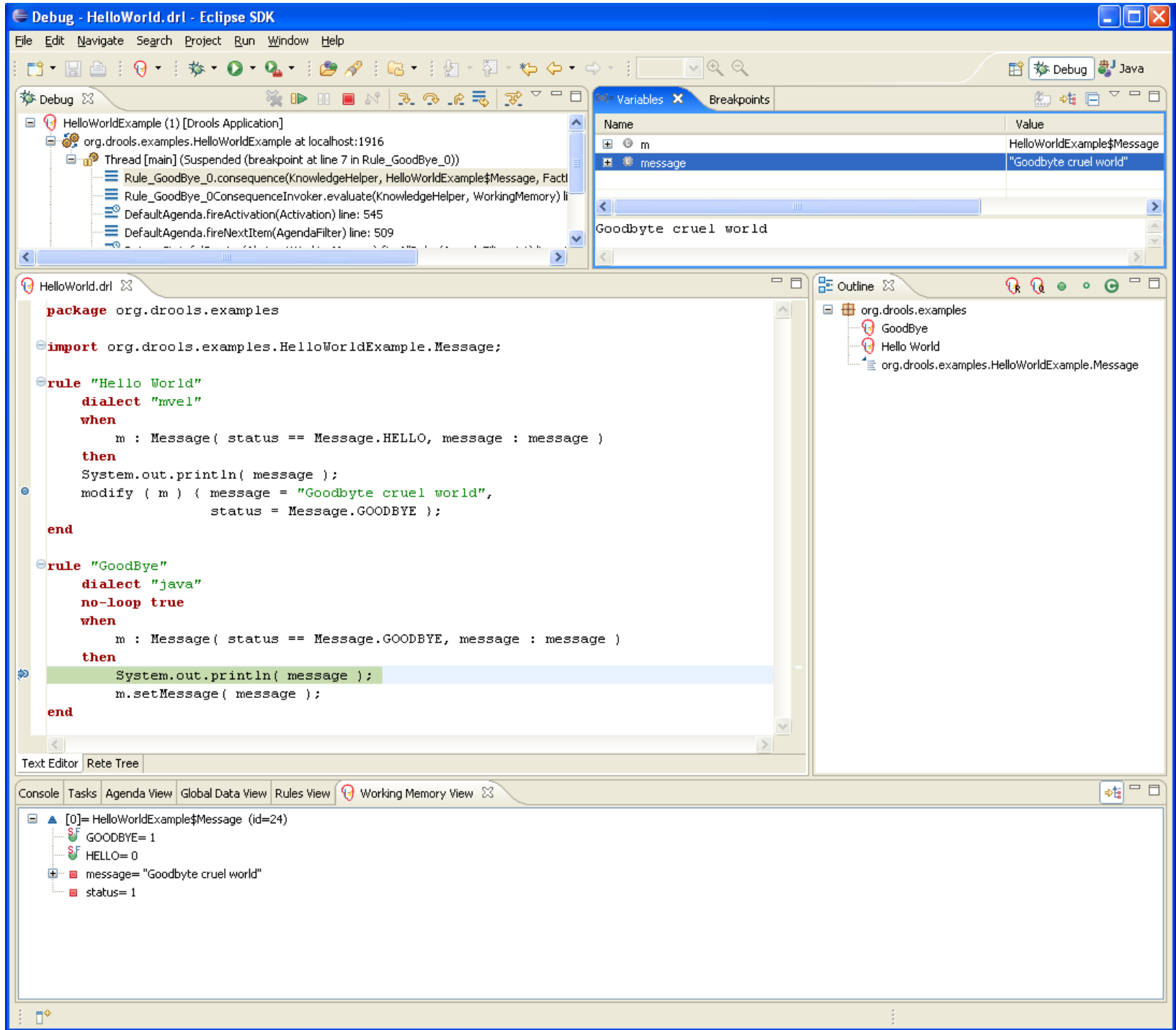
rule "B to C"
  salience 10
  when
    State(name == "B", state == State.FINISHED )
    c : State(name == "C", state == State.NOTRUN )
  then
    System.out.println(c.getName() + " finished" );
  end
```

Text Editor | Rete Tree



The screenshot displays four panels from the Eclipse IDE:

- Global Data View:** Shows the message "The selected working memory has no globals defined."
- Audit View:** A tree view showing the execution history of rules. It includes events such as "Object asserted", "Activation created", "Activation executed", and "Object modified" for rules like "Rule Bootstrap a=A[NOTRUN]", "Rule A to B b=B[NOTRUN]", "Rule B to C c=C[NOTRUN]", and "Rule B to D d=D[NOTRUN]".
- Agenda View:** Shows the current state of the agenda. It lists "MAIN[focus]= AgendaGroupImpl (id=1259)" containing two "AgendaItem" objects. Each item has associated "State" objects and "ruleName" values like "B to C" and "B to D".
- Working Memory View:** Shows the current state of the working memory. It lists four "State" objects (id=1268, 1269, 1270, 1271) with various properties such as "FINISHED", "NOTRUN", "changes= PropertyChangeSupport", and "name= 'C'".



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following components:

- Debug Console:** Shows the execution stack for the main thread, which is suspended at a breakpoint in Rule_GoodBye_0. The stack includes:
 - Rule_GoodBye_0.consequence(KnowledgeHelper, HelloWorldExample\$Message, FactI
 - Rule_GoodBye_0ConsequenceInvoker.evaluate(KnowledgeHelper, WorkingMemory) l
 - DefaultAgenda.fireActivation(Activation) line: 545
 - DefaultAgenda.fireNextItem(AgendaFilter) line: 509
- Variables View:** Displays the current state of variables:

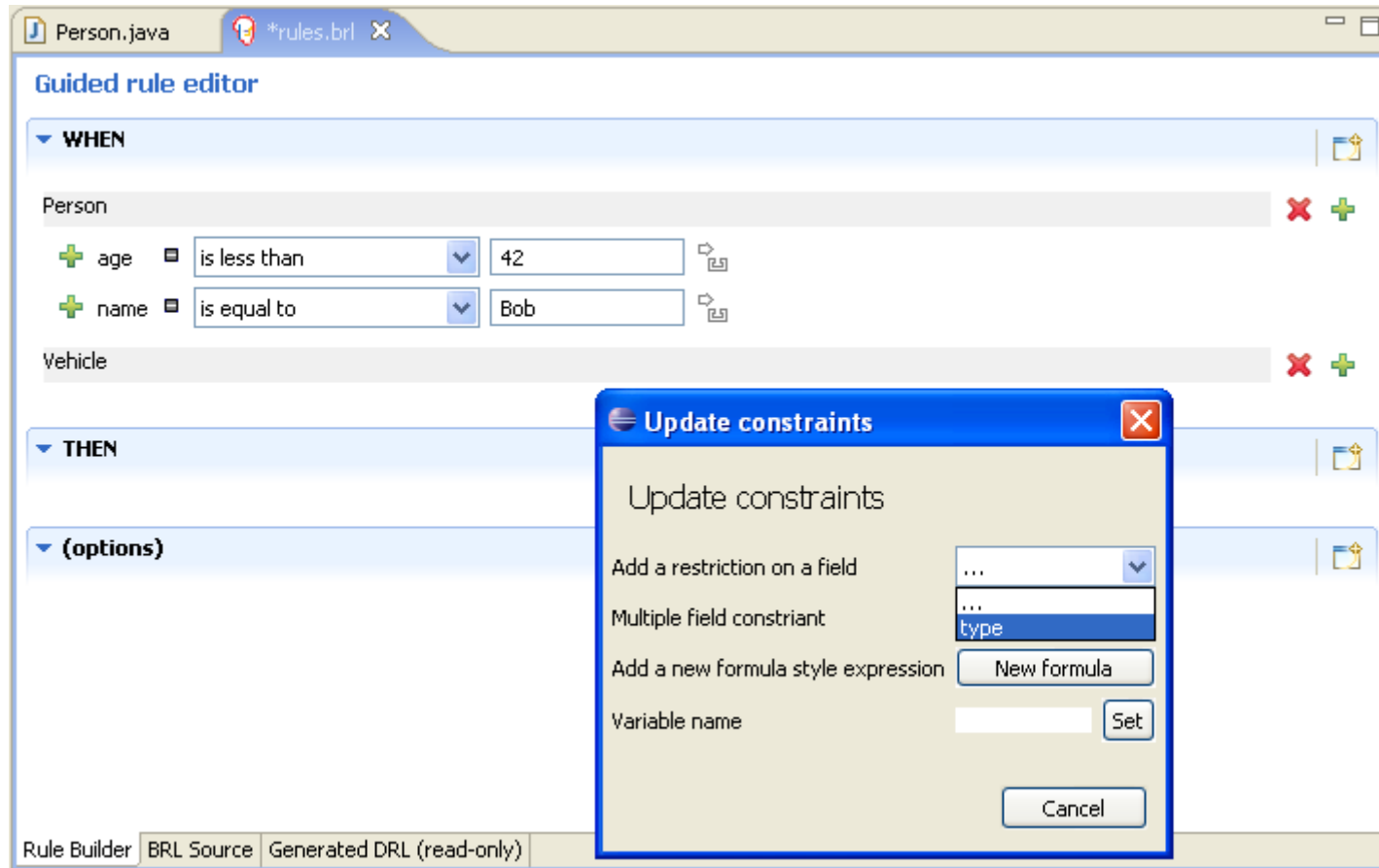
Name	Value
m	HelloWorldExample\$Message
message	"Goodbye cruel world"
- Outline View:** Shows the project structure:
 - org.drools.examples
 - GoodBye
 - Hello World
 - org.drools.examples.HelloWorldExample.Message
- Code Editor:** Contains the following Drools rules:

```
package org.drools.examples

import org.drools.examples.HelloWorldExample.Message;

rule "Hello World"
  dialect "mvel"
  when
    m : Message( status == Message.HELLO, message : message )
  then
    System.out.println( message );
    modify ( m ) { message = "Goodbye cruel world",
                  status = Message.GOODBYE };
  end

rule "GoodBye"
  dialect "java"
  no-loop true
  when
    m : Message( status == Message.GOODBYE, message : message )
  then
    System.out.println( message );
    m.setMessage( message );
  end
```
- Working Memory View:** Shows the current state of the working memory:
 - [0]= HelloWorldExample\$Message (id=24)
 - GOODBYE= 1
 - HELLO= 0
 - message="Goodbye cruel world"
 - status= 1

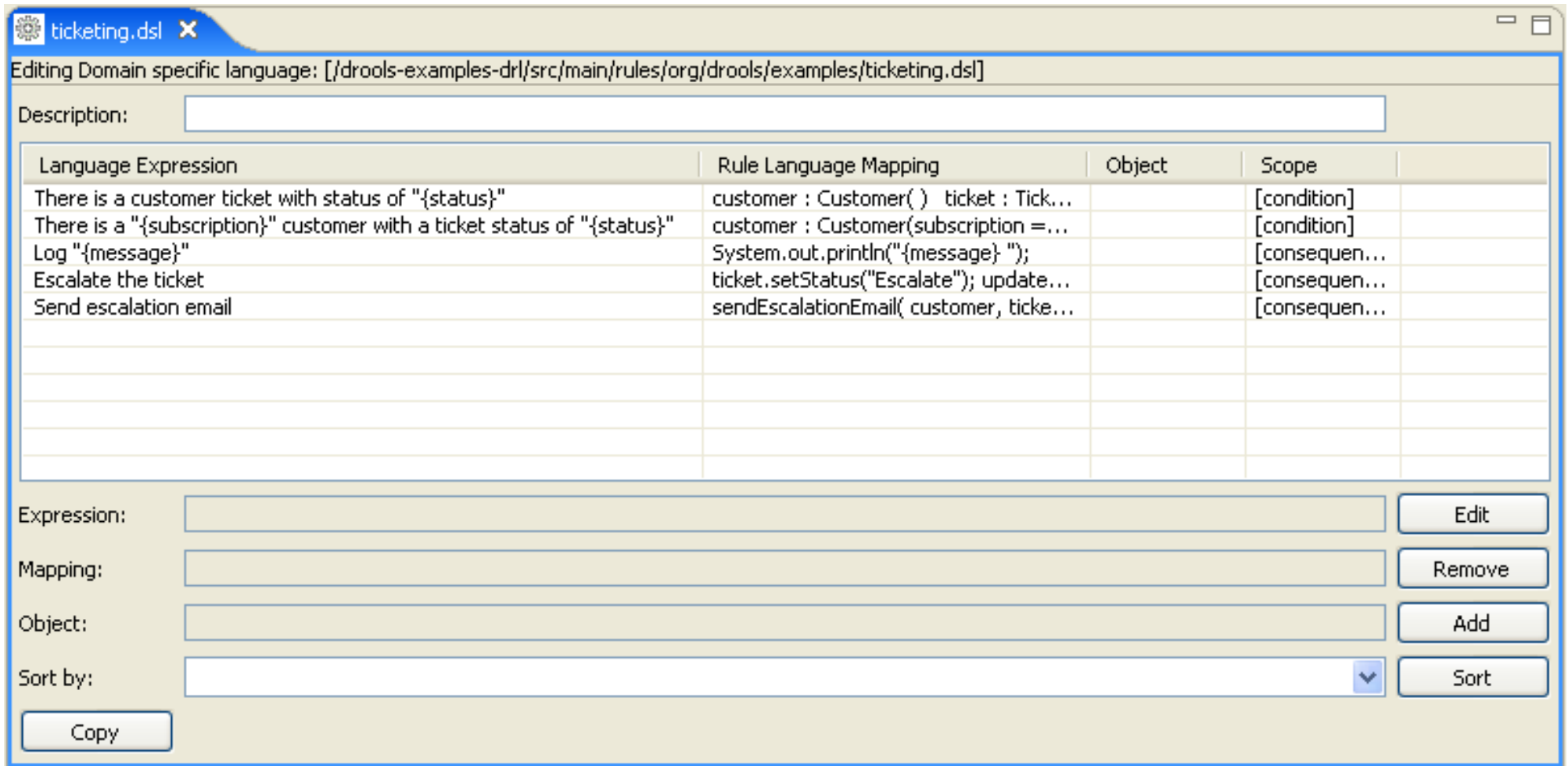


The screenshot displays the Eclipse IDE's Guided Rule Editor. The main window is titled "Guided rule editor" and shows a rule configuration for "Person" and "Vehicle". The "WHEN" section is expanded, showing two constraints: "age is less than 42" and "name is equal to Bob". The "THEN" section is collapsed. The "(options)" section is also collapsed. A dialog box titled "Update constraints" is open in the foreground, allowing the user to modify the constraints. The dialog box has a title bar with a close button (X) and a menu icon. It contains the following fields and buttons:

- "Add a restriction on a field": A dropdown menu with a blue arrow pointing down.
- "Multiple field constraint": A dropdown menu with "type" selected.
- "Add a new formula style expression": A button labeled "New formula".
- "Variable name": A text input field followed by a "Set" button.
- "Cancel": A button at the bottom of the dialog.

At the bottom of the main window, there are three tabs: "Rule Builder", "BRL Source", and "Generated DRL (read-only)".

```
rule "Driver in unsafe area for marginal age"  
  when  
    Policy type is 'COMPREHENSIVE'  
    Driver is less than 25 years old  
    Driver has a location risk profile of 'HIGH'  
  then  
    <> Driver has a location risk profile of '{risk}'  
    <> Driver has an age of at least {age}  
  end  
rule "Driver unsafe for marginal age driver in high risk area"  
  when  
    <> Driver has had more than {prior} prior claims  
    <> Driver has had {number} prior claims  
    <> Driver is between {lower} and {upper} years old  
    <> Driver is greater than {age} years old  
    <> Driver is less than {age} years old  
    <> Policy has not been rejected  
    <> Policy type is '{type}'  
  then  
    Reject Policy with explanation : 'Driver in that area is too risky -'  
  end  
rule "Driver unsafe for third party"  
  when  
    Policy type is 'THIRD_PARTY'  
    Driver has had more than 2 prior claims  
  ..  
..
```



Editing Domain specific language: [/drools-examples-drl/src/main/rules/org/drools/examples/ticketing.dsl]

Description:

Language Expression	Rule Language Mapping	Object	Scope
There is a customer ticket with status of "{status}"	customer : Customer() ticket : Tick...		[condition]
There is a "{subscription}" customer with a ticket status of "{status}"	customer : Customer(subscription =...		[condition]
Log "{message}"	System.out.println("{message} ");		[consequen...]
Escalate the ticket	ticket.setStatus("Escalate"); update...		[consequen...]
Send escalation email	sendEscalationEmail(customer, ticke...		[consequen...]

Expression:

Mapping:

Object:

Sort by:



Decision Tables (Excel/OpenOffice)

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1							
4							
9	Base pricing rules	Age Bracket	Location risk profile	Number of prior claims	Policy type applying for	Base \$ AUD	Record Reason
10	Young safe package	18, 24	LOW	1	COMPREHENSIVE	450	
11			MED		FIRE_THEFT	200	Priors not relevant
12			MED	0	COMPREHENSIVE	300	
13			LOW		FIRE_THEFT	150	
14			LOW	0	COMPREHENSIVE	150	Safe driver discount
15	Young risk	18,24	MED	1	COMPREHENSIVE	700	
16		18,24	HIGH	0	COMPREHENSIVE	700	Location risk
17		18,24	HIGH		FIRE_THEFT	550	Location risk
18	Mature drivers	25,30		0	COMPREHENSIVE	120	Cheapest possible
19		25,30		1	COMPREHENSIVE	300	
20		25,30		2	COMPREHENSIVE	590	
21		25,35		3	THIRD PARTY	800	High risk

JBoss Business Rules Management System - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

http://localhost:8080/drools-jbrms/org.drools.brms.JBRMS/JBRMS.jsp#Rules

JBoss Rules

Info Find and edit rules.

Rules Explore Rule_2 MyDT Rule_1

Packages Deployment Admin

Status: [Draft] Save changes Copy Archive

IF

- Person
 - age less than or equal to 42
 - age greater than 21
- Board [b]
- There is no Board
 - cost greater than 1200

THEN

- Set [b] cost 1200

(options)

<documentation>

View source Validate

Rule_1

Categories: Finance HR/Awards/QAS

Modified on: Thu 10 May 2007 03:16:47 PM EST
by: michael
Note: whoops
Version: 5
Created on: Thu 10 May 2007 10:49:41 AM EST
Created by: michael
Format: brxml

Package: DemoPackage

Subject:

Type:

External link:

Source:

Version history

Done

JBoss Business Rules Management System

http://localhost:8080/drools-jbrms/org.drools.brms.JBRMS/JBRMS.jsp

User: fmeyer [Sign Out]

JBoss Rules

Administer the repository

- Manage categories
- Manage status

Create a new top level category.

Category name:

Description:

Categories aid in managing large numbers of rules/assets. A shallow hierarchy is recommended.

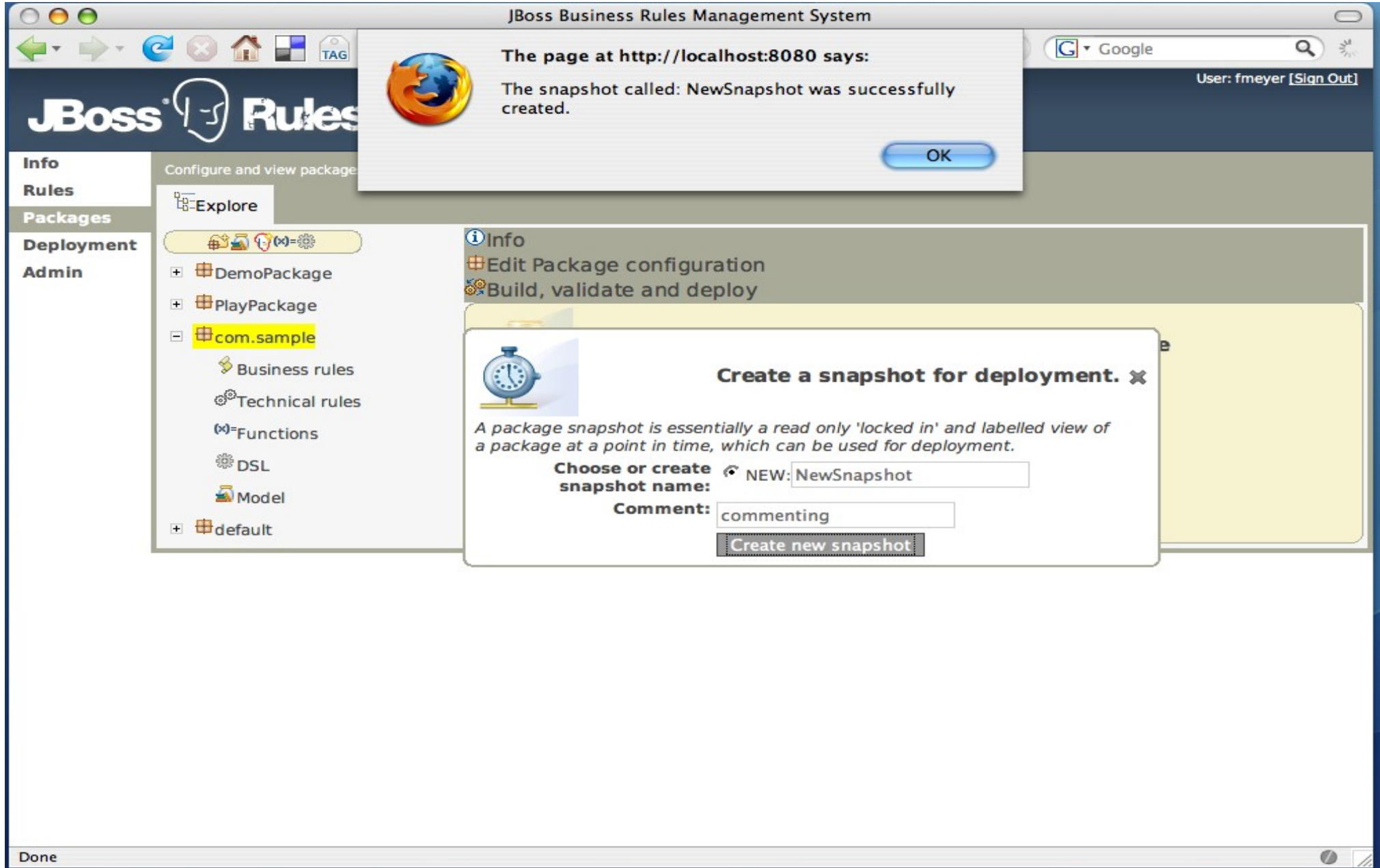
Current categories:

- + HR
- + Finance
- + Draft

Refresh view:

Create a new category:

Delete the currently selected category:



The screenshot shows the JBoss Business Rules Management System (BRMS) web interface. A modal dialog box titled "Create a snapshot for deployment." is open in the center. The dialog contains the following text and form elements:

- Title:** Create a snapshot for deployment. ✕
- Icon:** A clock icon.
- Description:** A package snapshot is essentially a read only 'locked in' and labelled view of a package at a point in time, which can be used for deployment.
- Form:**
 - Choose or create snapshot name:** A radio button is selected next to "NEW:", followed by a text input field containing "NewSnapshot".
 - Comment:** A text input field containing "commenting".
 - Buttons:** A "Create new snapshot" button.

In the background, the main interface is visible, including a left-hand navigation menu with "Info", "Rules", "Packages", "Deployment", and "Admin". The "Packages" section is expanded to show a tree view with "com.sample" selected. A notification banner at the top of the page states: "The page at http://localhost:8080 says: The snapshot called: NewSnapshot was successfully created." with an "OK" button.

JBoss Business Rules Management System - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

http://localhost:8080/drools-jbrms/org.drools.brms.JBRMS/JBRMS.jsp#Rules

Gmail post to del.icio.us my del.icio.us Browse Project - JBo... Google Calendar Red Hat -- Intranet H... Nopaste Brisbane Times - New...

Viewing source for: Rule_1

```
rule "Rule_1"  
  when  
    Person( age <= 42 , age > 21 )  
    b : Board( )  
    not Board( cost > 1200 )  
  then  
    b.setCost( 1200 );  
end
```

Rule_1

Categories: Finance HR/Awards/QAS

Modified on: Thu 10 May 2007 03:16:47 PM EST
by: michael
Note: whoops
Version: 5
Created on: Thu 10 May 2007 10:49:41 AM EST
Created by: michael
Format: brxml

Package: DemoPackage

Subject:

Type:

External link:

Source:

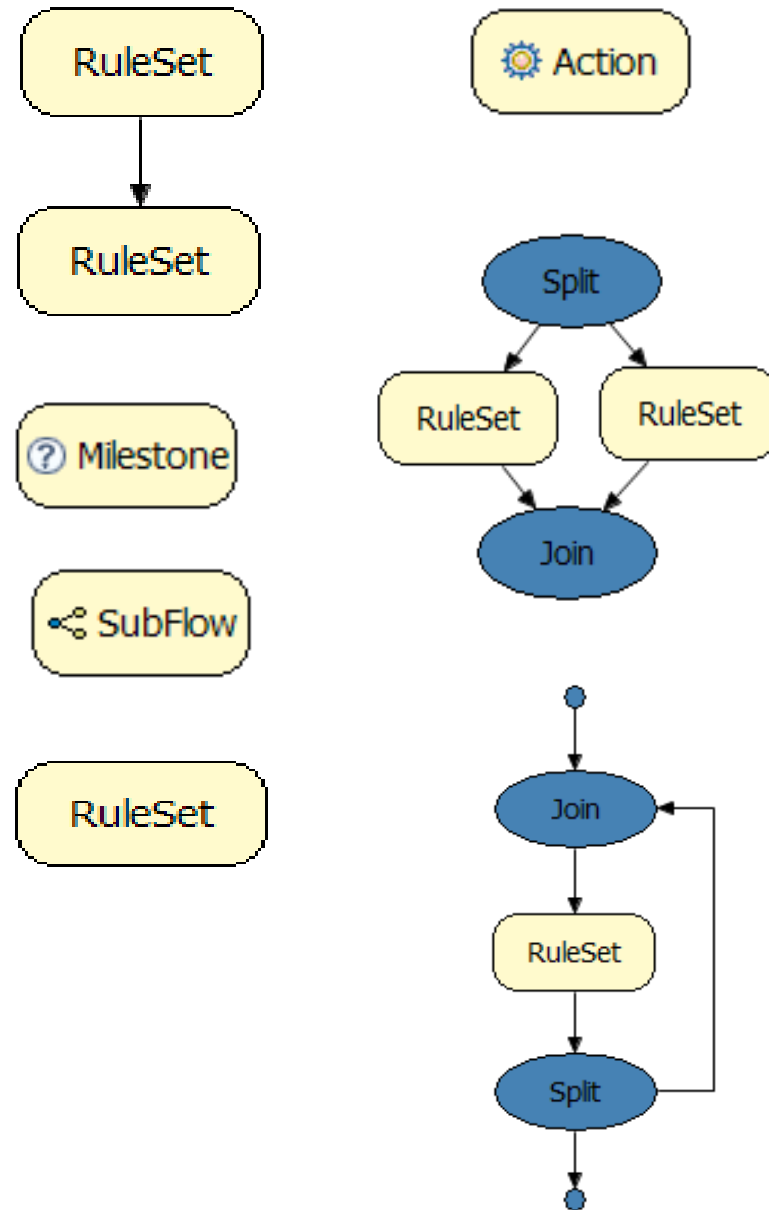
Version history

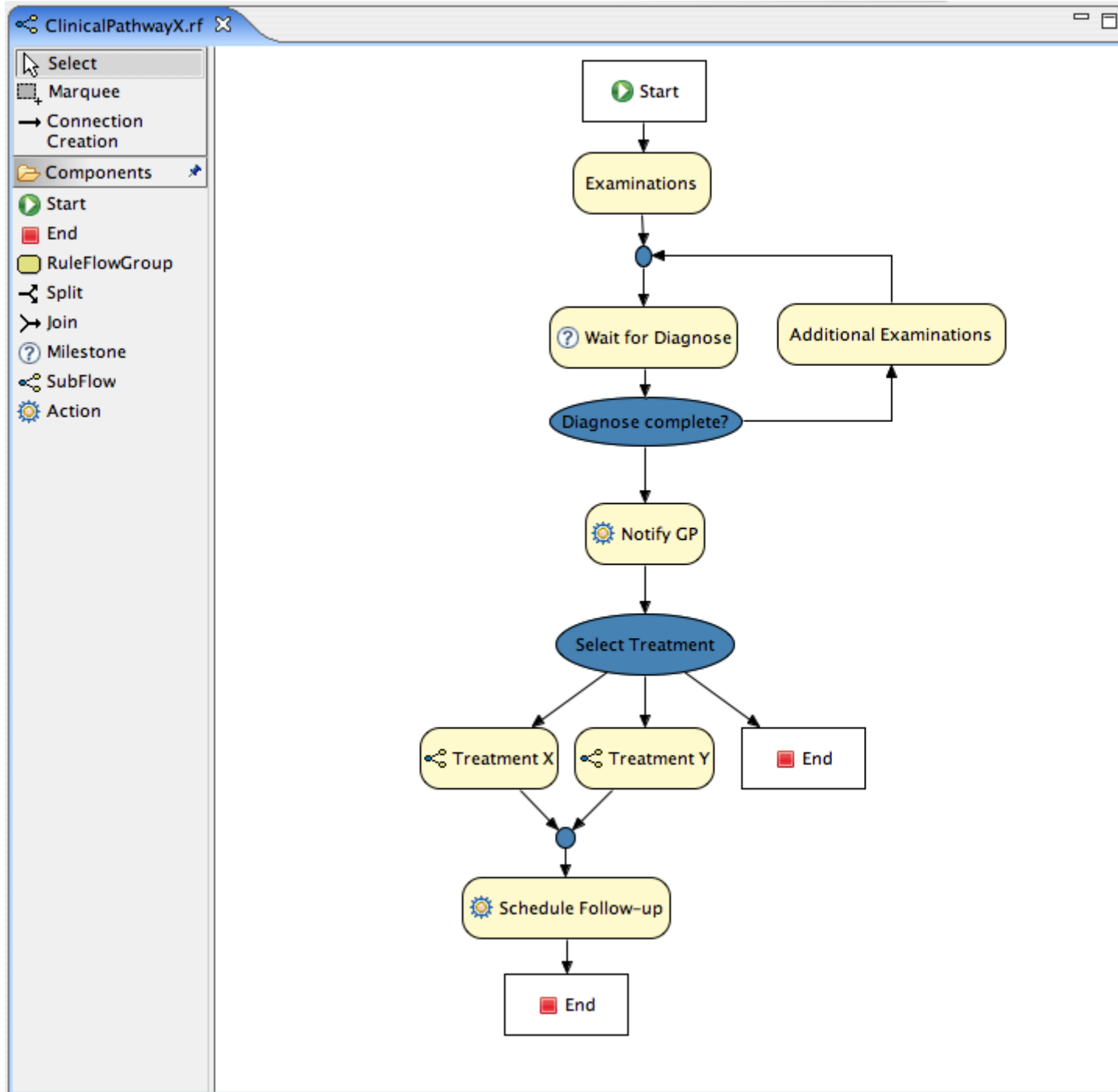
View source Validate

Done

- Unifies Rules and Processes in a single engine
 - Rules (LHS When) and expressions can be used in splits, milestones etc
 - creates a much richer model
 - Rules and Processes see, reason and react and process the same data
 - Do not have send messages between two different engines
 - Multiple instances, of different processes, can be executing at the same time in a single engine.
 - Processes and Rules interactive with each other.
 - A Process or Rule can change data, which can impact how another rule or process is executing.
 - Integrated Tooling and APIs
 - Single api for execution
 - Audit logging and visual Audit tools
 - Single server side tooling for storage, configuration and management and deployment

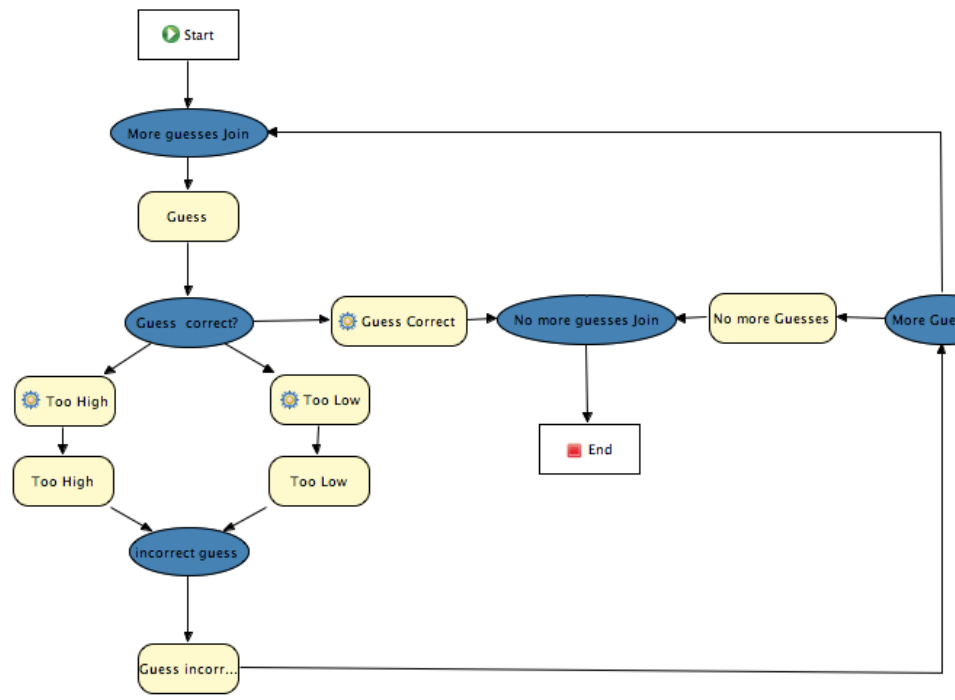
- Rule set nodes
- Control flow
 - Sequence
 - Parallelism (split / join)
 - Choice
- Nodes
 - Actions
 - Milestone (= state)
 - Subflows
 - Looping





Java - NumberGuess.drl - Eclipse SDK - /Users/fmeyer/projects/droolsprojects

***NumberGuess.rf**



```

graph TD
    Start([Start]) --> Join1([More guesses Join])
    Join1 --> Guess[Guess]
    Guess --> Correct{Guess correct?}
    Correct --> CorrectAction[Guess Correct]
    CorrectAction --> Join2([No more guesses Join])
    Join2 --> End([End])
    Correct --> TooHigh[Too High]
    Correct --> TooLow[Too Low]
    TooHigh --> Incorr{Incorrect guess}
    TooLow --> Incorr
    Incorr --> IncorrAction[Guess incorr...]
    IncorrAction --> MoreGuesses{More Guesses?}
    MoreGuesses --> Join1
    
```

NumberGuess.drl

```

26     insert( new Guess( i ) );
27 end
28
29 rule "Record the highest Guess"
30     ruleflow-group "Too High"
31     no-loop
32     when
33         game : Game( biggestGuess : biggest )
34         Guess( $value : value > biggestGuess )
35     then
36         modify ( game ) { biggest = $value };
37     end
38
39 rule "Record the lowest Guess"
40     ruleflow-group "Too Low"
41     no-loop
42     when
43         Game( smallestGuess : smallest )
44         Guess( $value : value < smallestGuess )
45     then
46         modify ( game ) { smallest = $value };
47     end
48
49 rule "Guess incorrect, retract Guess"
50     ruleflow-group "Guess incorrect"
51     when
52         guess : Guess()
53     then
54         retract( guess );
55     end
56
57
58 rule "No more Guesses notification"
    
```

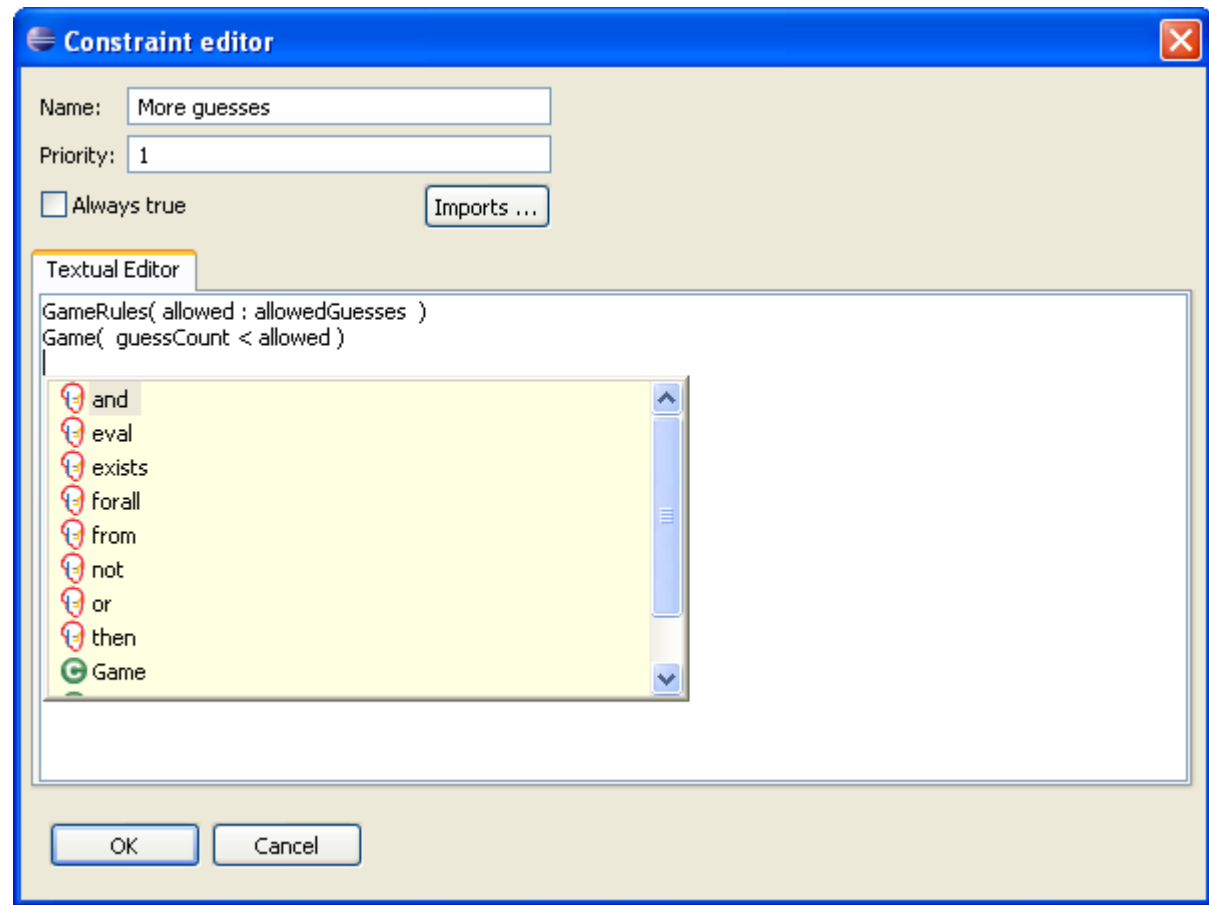
Package Explorer

- org.acme.insurance
- org.benchmarks.waltz
- org.drools
- org.drools.benchmark.manners
- org.drools.benchmark.waltzdb
- org.drools.compiler
- org.drools.examples
 - A to B
 - A to B
 - Apply 10% discount if total purchahses is over 100
 - B to C

Outline

- org.drools.examples
 - Get user Guess
 - Guess incorrect, retract Guess
 - No more Guesses notification
 - Record the highest Guess
 - Record the lowest Guess
 - java.io.BufferedReader
 - java.io.InputStreamReader
 - org.drools.examples.NumberGuessExample.Game
 - org.drools.examples.NumberGuessExample.GameRules
 - org.drools.examples.NumberGuessExample.Guess

Writable | Insert | 60 : 9









The screenshot shows the 'Constraint editor' window with the following details:

- Name:** More guesses
- Priority:** 1
- Always true
- Imports ...
- Textual Editor:**
 - GameRules(allowed : allowedGuesses)
 - Game(guessCount < allowed)
- Operator List:** and, eval, exists, forall, from, not, or, then, Game
- Buttons:** OK, Cancel

- ◆ Activation executed: Rule Start Clinical Pathway X if diagnosed d=Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown(2)
 - Object removed (2): Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown
 - ↳ Activation cancelled: Rule RuleFlow-org.drools.examples.cdss.ClinicalPathwayX-16-17
 - ↳ Activation cancelled: Rule Remove old diagnose d=Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown(2)
 - ↳ Activation cancelled: Rule RuleFlow-org.drools.examples.cdss.ClinicalPathwayX-12
 - 🔗 RuleFlowGroup activated: Examinations[size=2]
 - 🔗 RuleFlow started: ClinicalPathwayX[org.drools.examples.cdss.ClinicalPathwayX]
- ◆ Activation executed: Rule Examination1
- ◆ Activation executed: Rule Examination2
- 🔗 RuleFlowGroup deactivated: Examinations[size=0]
- 🔗 RuleFlowGroup activated: AdditionalExaminations[size=2]
- Object inserted (2): Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown
 - ⇒ Activation created: Rule Start Clinical Pathway X if diagnosed d=Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown(2)
 - ⇒ Activation created: Rule RuleFlow-org.drools.examples.cdss.ClinicalPathwayX-16-17
 - ⇒ Activation created: Rule Remove old diagnose d=Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown(2)
 - ⇒ Activation created: Rule RuleFlow-org.drools.examples.cdss.ClinicalPathwayX-12
- ◆ Activation executed: Rule Remove old diagnose d=Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown(2)
 - Object removed (2): Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown
 - ↳ Activation cancelled: Rule Start Clinical Pathway X if diagnosed d=Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type unknown(2)
 - ↳ Activation cancelled: Rule RuleFlow-org.drools.examples.cdss.ClinicalPathwayX-16-17
 - ↳ Activation cancelled: Rule RuleFlow-org.drools.examples.cdss.ClinicalPathwayX-12
 - ◆ Activation executed: Rule Examination3
 - 🔗 RuleFlowGroup deactivated: AdditionalExaminations[size=0]
 - 🔗 RuleFlow completed: TreatmentY[org.drools.examples.cdss.TreatmentY]
 - 🔗 RuleFlow started: TreatmentY[org.drools.examples.cdss.TreatmentY]
 - 🔗 RuleFlow completed: ClinicalPathwayX[org.drools.examples.cdss.ClinicalPathwayX]
- Object inserted (2): Diagnose: Diagnose disease X: Type 2

Explore

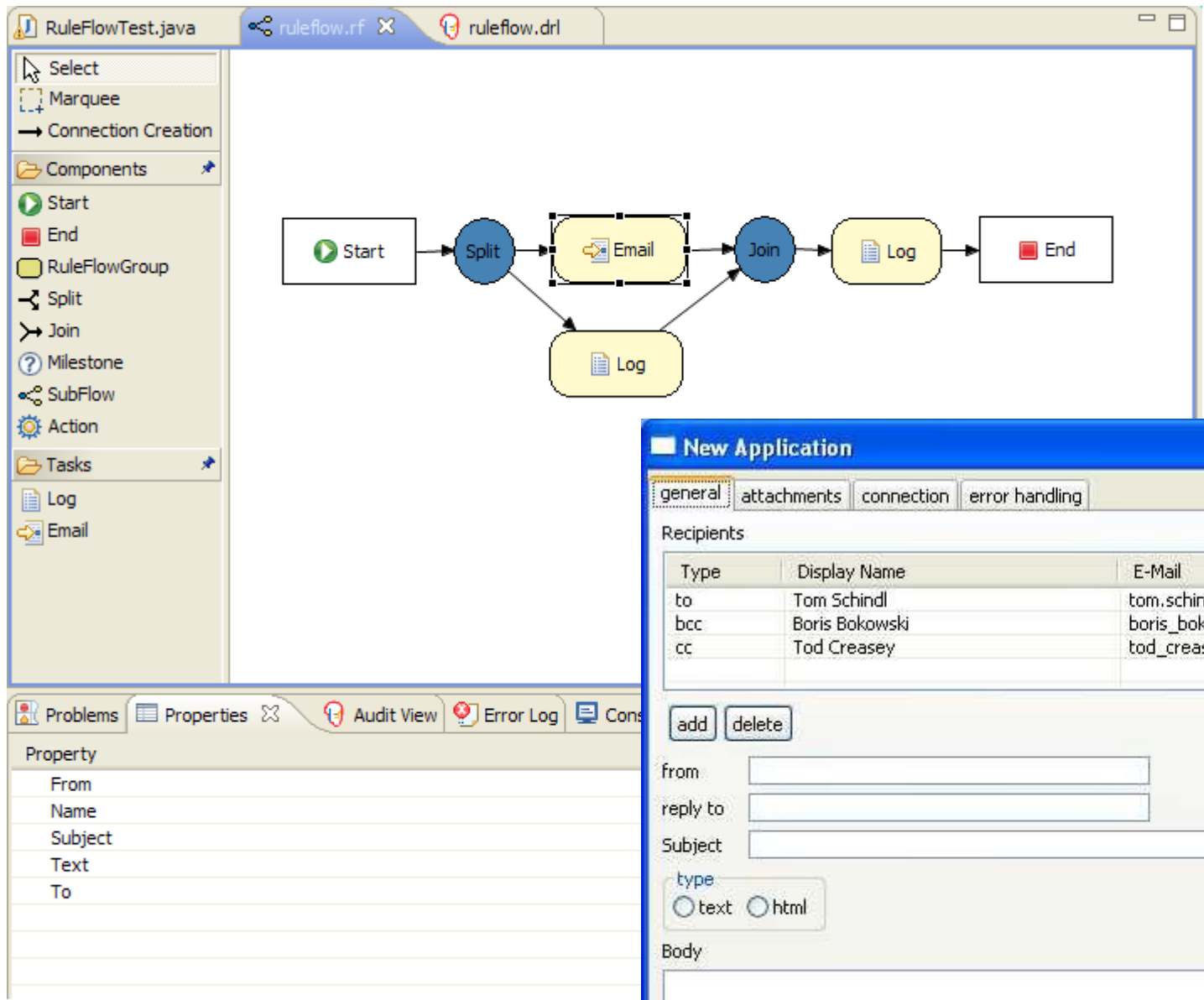
- org.acme.insurance.base
 - Business rule assets
 - Technical rule assets**
 - Functions
 - DSL
 - Model

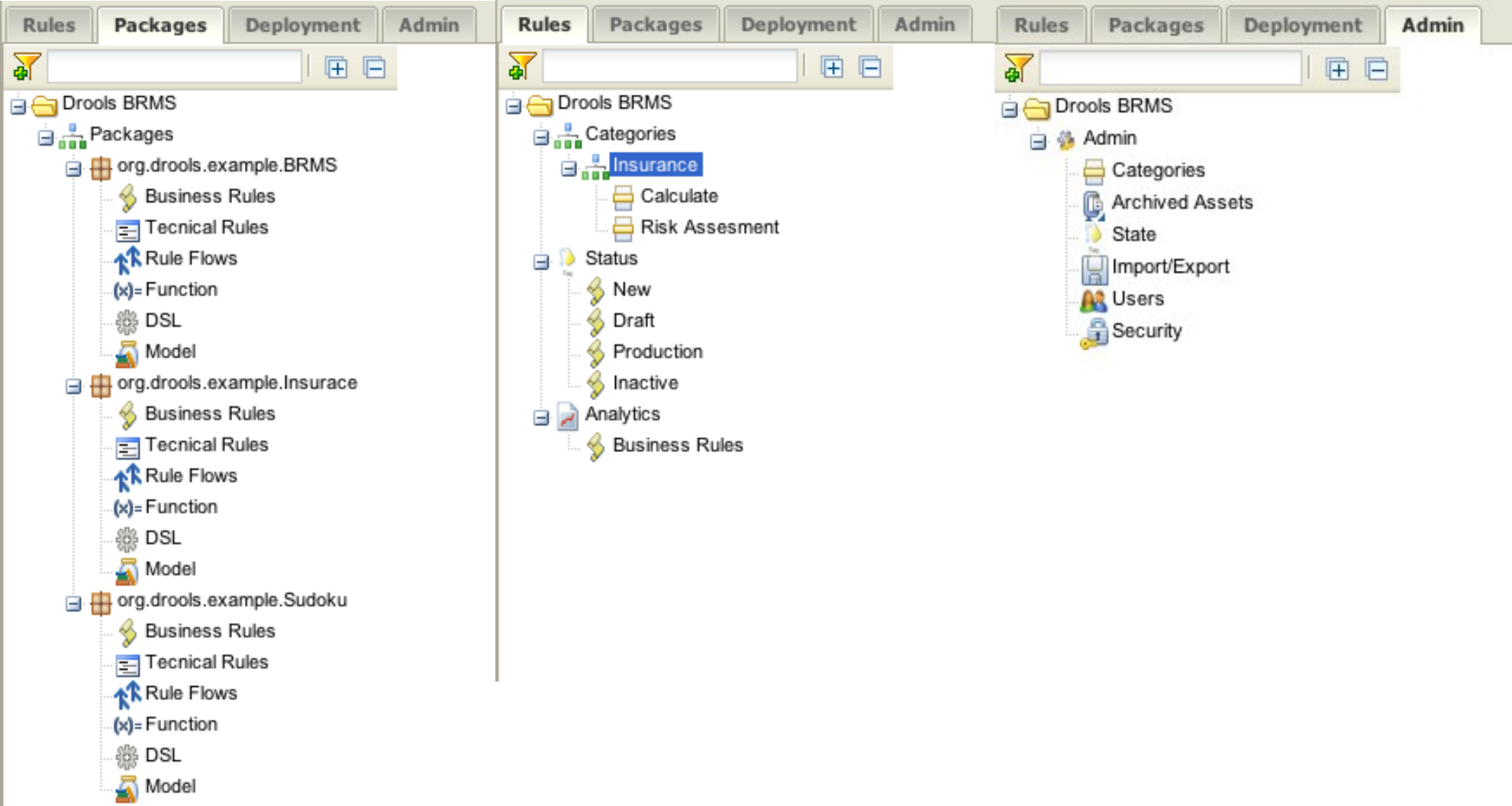
15 items.

Name	Last modified	Status
Insurance extra itens percent	Sep 20, 2007	Production
Insurance Calcule	Sep 20, 2007	Production
Driver is underage	Sep 20, 2007	Production
New licenced Driver	Sep 20, 2007	Production
Driver Single Young Male Driver factor	Aug 28, 2007	Production
Driver Mature Married With Young Child factor	Aug 28, 2007	Production
Priory Claimed Driver	Aug 28, 2007	Production
Day Vehicle Place	Aug 28, 2007	Production
Night Vehicle Place	Aug 28, 2007	Production
Driver wants an extra Car	Aug 28, 2007	Production
Driver wants glass coverage	Aug 28, 2007	Production
Driver wants non related expenses coverage	Aug 28, 2007	Production
insuranceProcess	Aug 28, 2007	Production
approve	Aug 28, 2007	Production
rejection	Aug 28, 2007	Production

Whats coming in Q1?

- Engine
 - Stateful High Availability
- Event Stream Processing, Complex Event Processing
 - time windows (fixed, since, until)
 - date comparisons between objects (before, same, after)
- RuleFlow
 - Persistence
 - Timers
 - More complex workflow patterns
 - Pluggeable tasks
- BRMS
 - UI improvements
 - ACL Security
 - Scenario Testing
 - Decision Tables





The image displays three side-by-side screenshots of the Drools BRMS user interface, illustrating different views of the project structure. Each screenshot has a top navigation bar with tabs for 'Rules', 'Packages', 'Deployment', and 'Admin'. A search bar is located below the navigation bar.

- Left Screenshot:** Shows a hierarchical tree view under 'Drools BRMS'. It is organized into three main packages: 'org.drools.example.BRMS', 'org.drools.example.Insurace', and 'org.drools.example.Sudoku'. Each package contains sub-items: 'Business Rules', 'Technical Rules', 'Rule Flows', 'Function', 'DSL', and 'Model'.
- Middle Screenshot:** Shows a hierarchical tree view under 'Drools BRMS'. It is organized into 'Categories' and 'Status'. The 'Categories' folder contains 'Insurance', 'Calculate', and 'Risk Assesment'. The 'Status' folder contains 'New', 'Draft', 'Production', and 'Inactive'. There is also an 'Analytics' folder containing 'Business Rules'.
- Right Screenshot:** Shows a hierarchical tree view under 'Drools BRMS'. It is organized into an 'Admin' folder containing 'Categories', 'Archived Assets', 'State', 'Import/Export', 'Users', and 'Security'.



- " **Dave Bowman**: All right, HAL; I'll go in through the emergency airlock.
- " **HAL**: Without your space helmet, Dave, you're going to find that rather difficult.
- " **Dave Bowman**: HAL, I won't argue with you anymore! Open the doors!
- " **HAL**: Dave, this conversation can serve no purpose anymore. Goodbye.

Joshua: Greetings, Professor **Falken**.

Stephen Falken: Hello, Joshua.

Joshua: A strange game. The only winning move is not to play. How about a nice game of chess?