

JBoss Community

Web Technologies in Java EE

JAX-RS 2.0, JSON-P, WebSocket, JSF 2.2

Lukáš Fryč, Tomáš Černý

Agenda

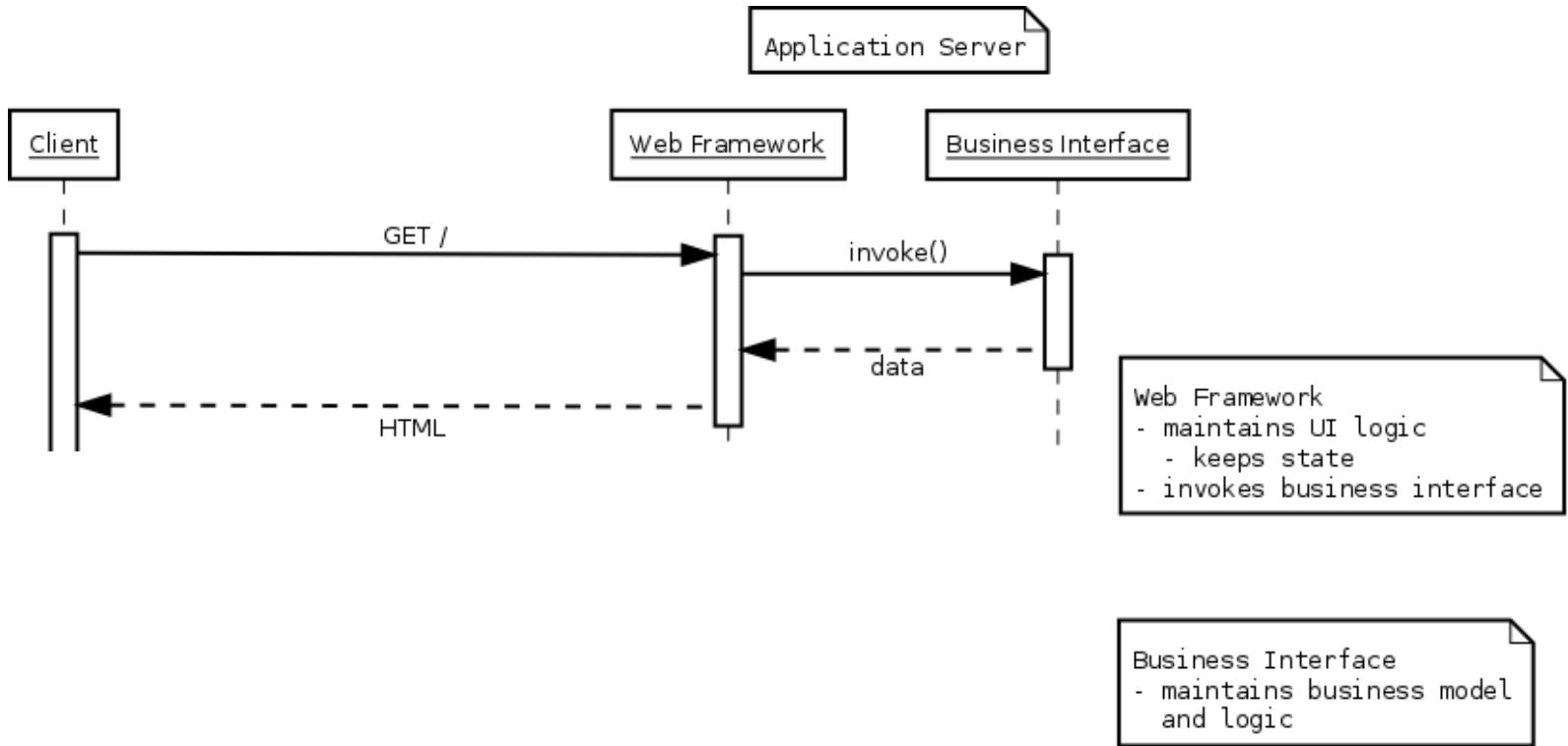
- **Client-Side vs Server-Side Web**
- **JAX-RS 2.0** RESTful Services
 - Origins + News in 2.0
- **JSON-P** Java API for JSON Processing
- Java API for **WebSocket**
- **JSF 2.2** JavaServer Faces
 - Origins + News in 2.2

Client-Side vs Server-Side Web Architecture

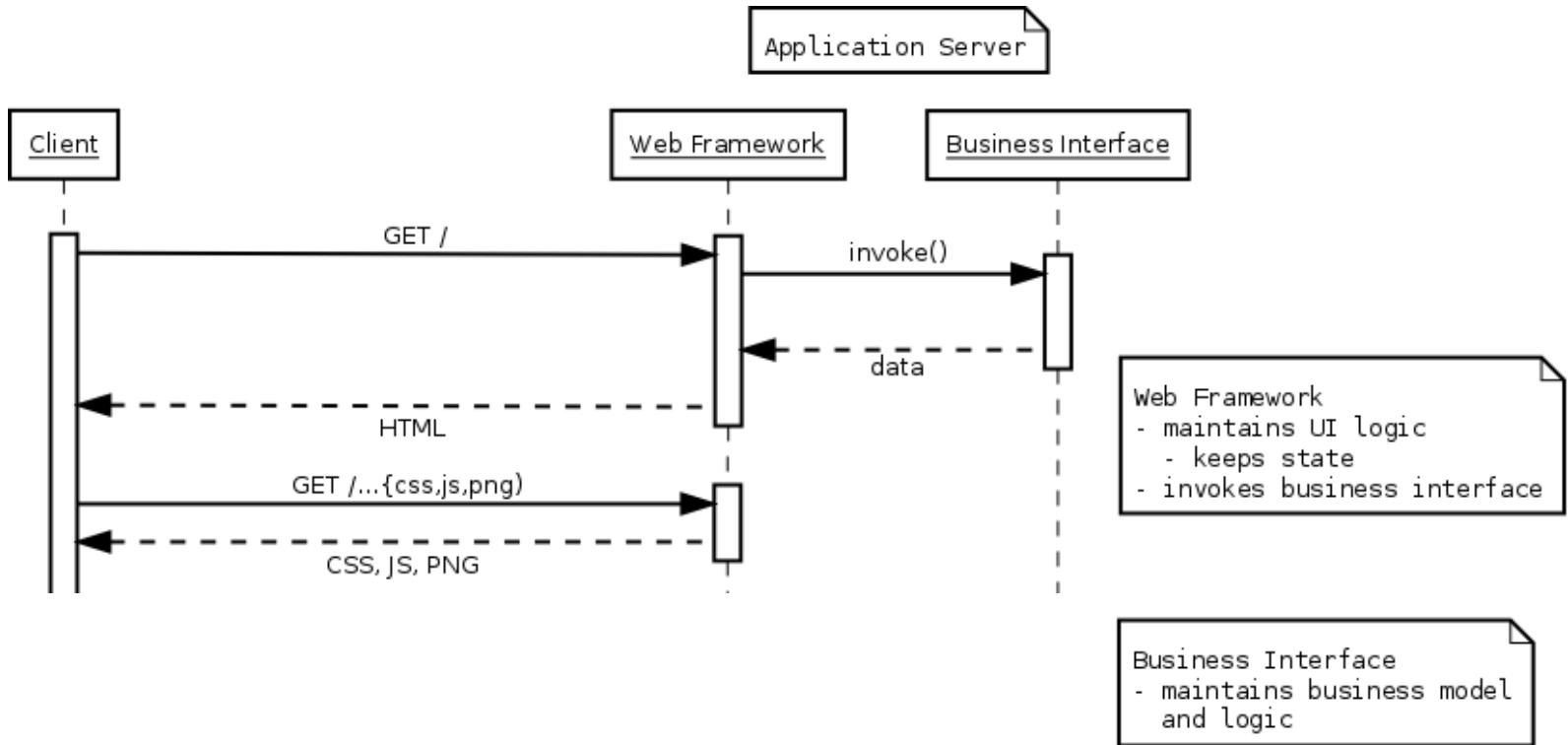
{Client vs. Server}-Side Web

- Server-Side Web (Thin Client)
 - Well-established approach
 - 90's, 00's
- Client-Side Web (Thick Client)
 - Modern approach
 - SPA (Single Page Applications)
 - Leverages enhancements in web standards & protocols
 - 10's

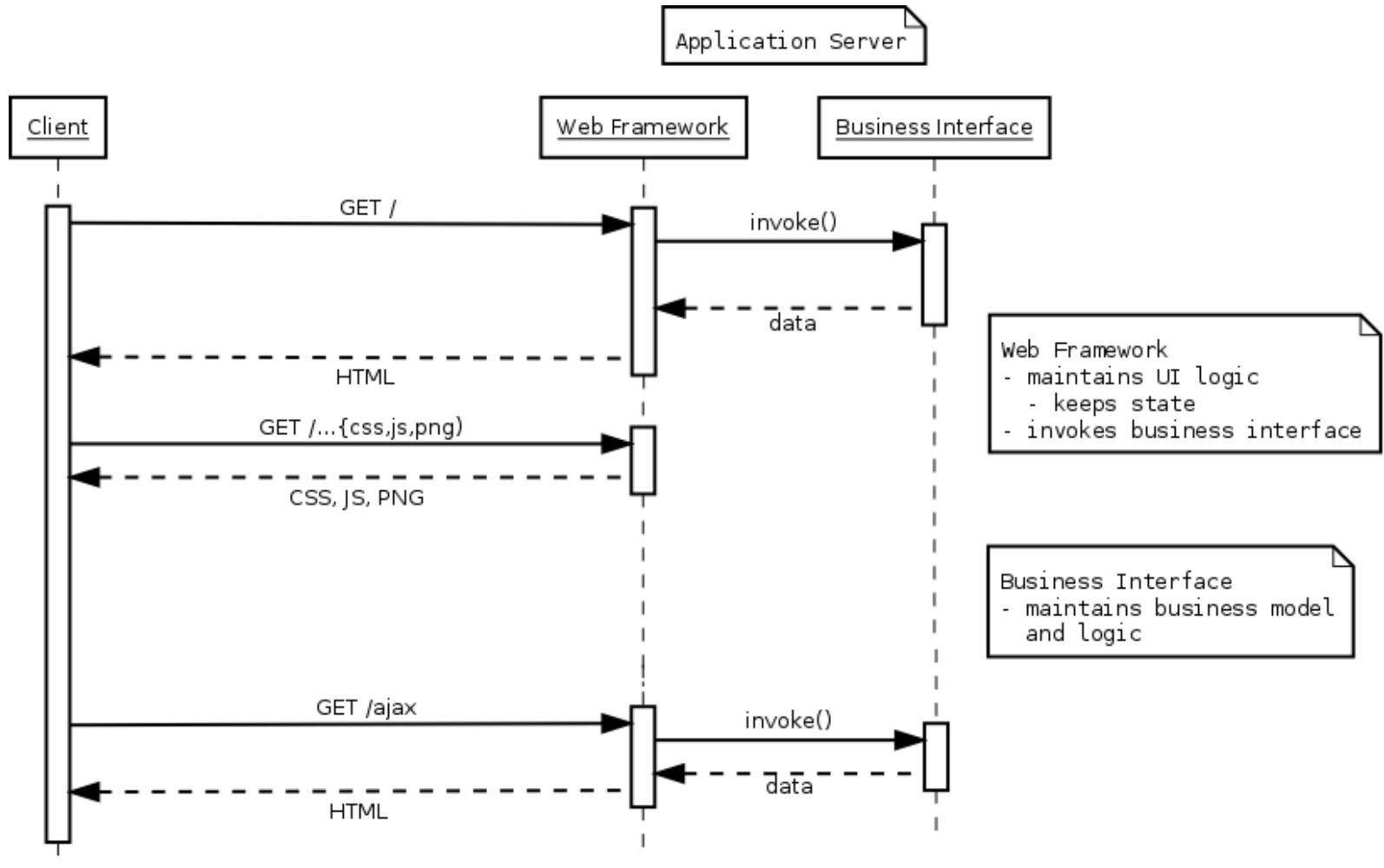
Server-Side



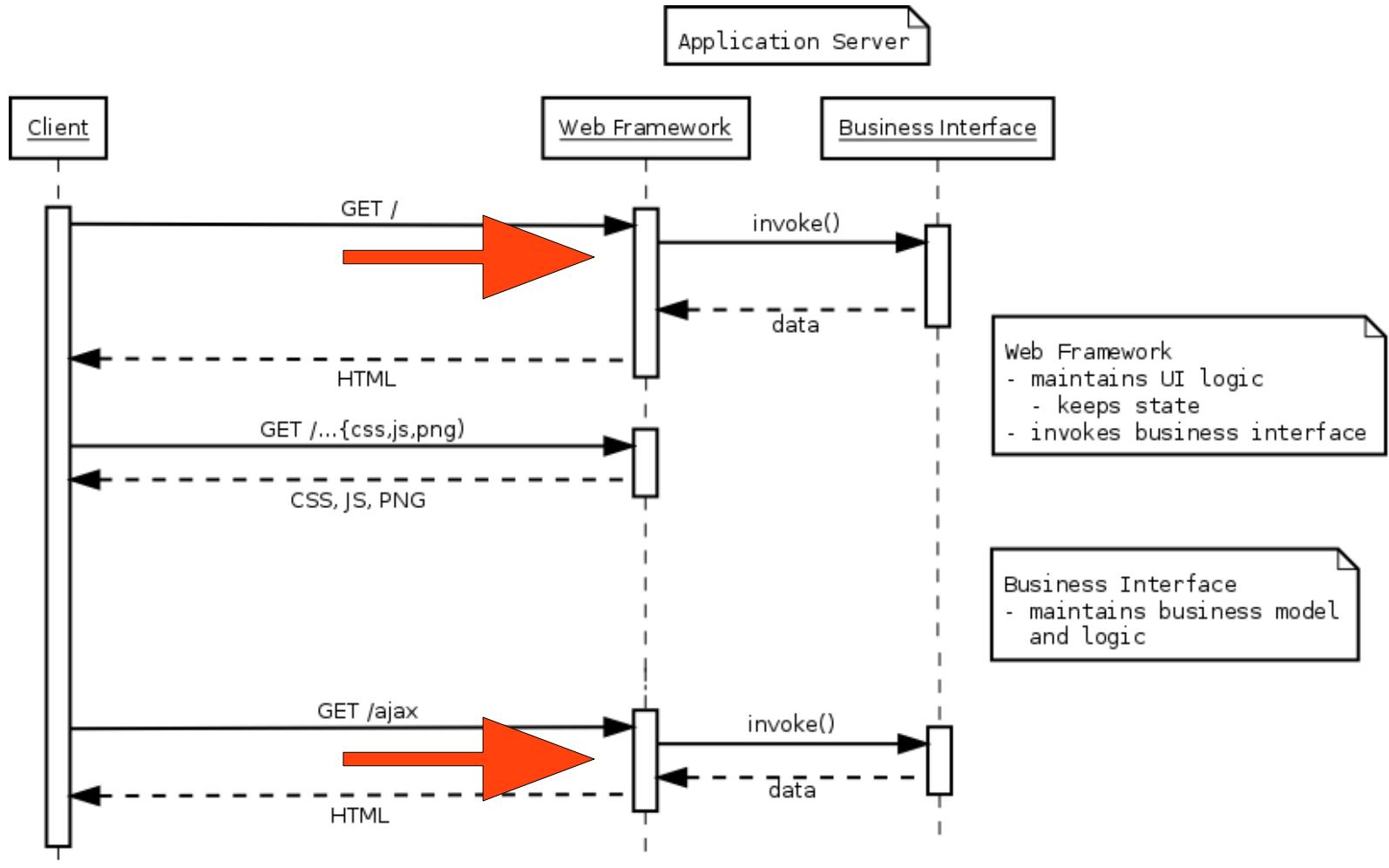
Server-Side



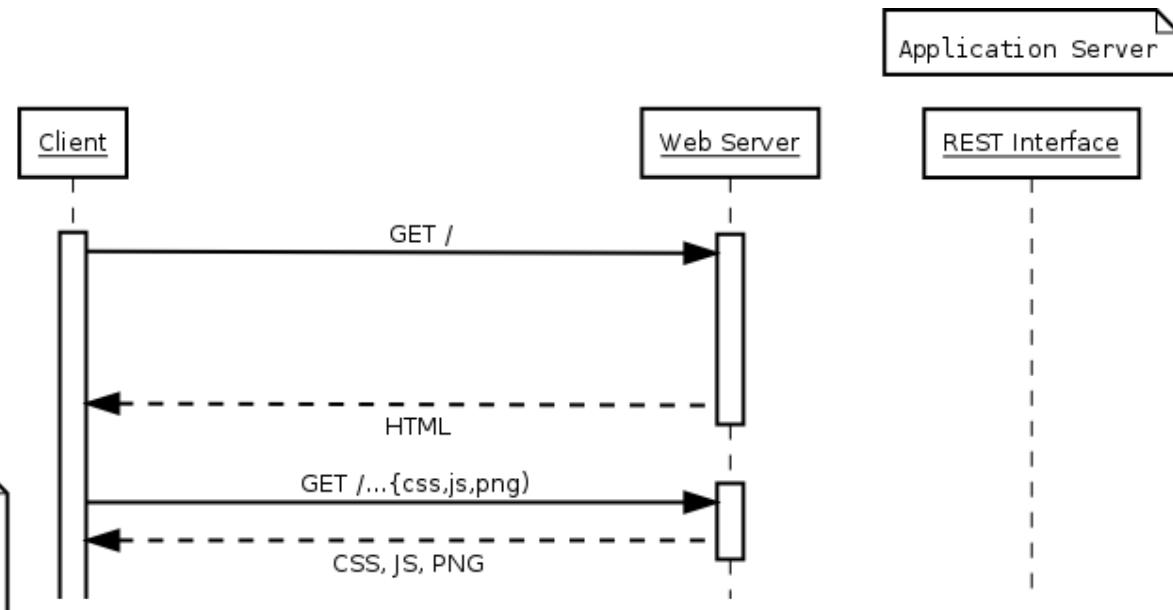
Server-Side



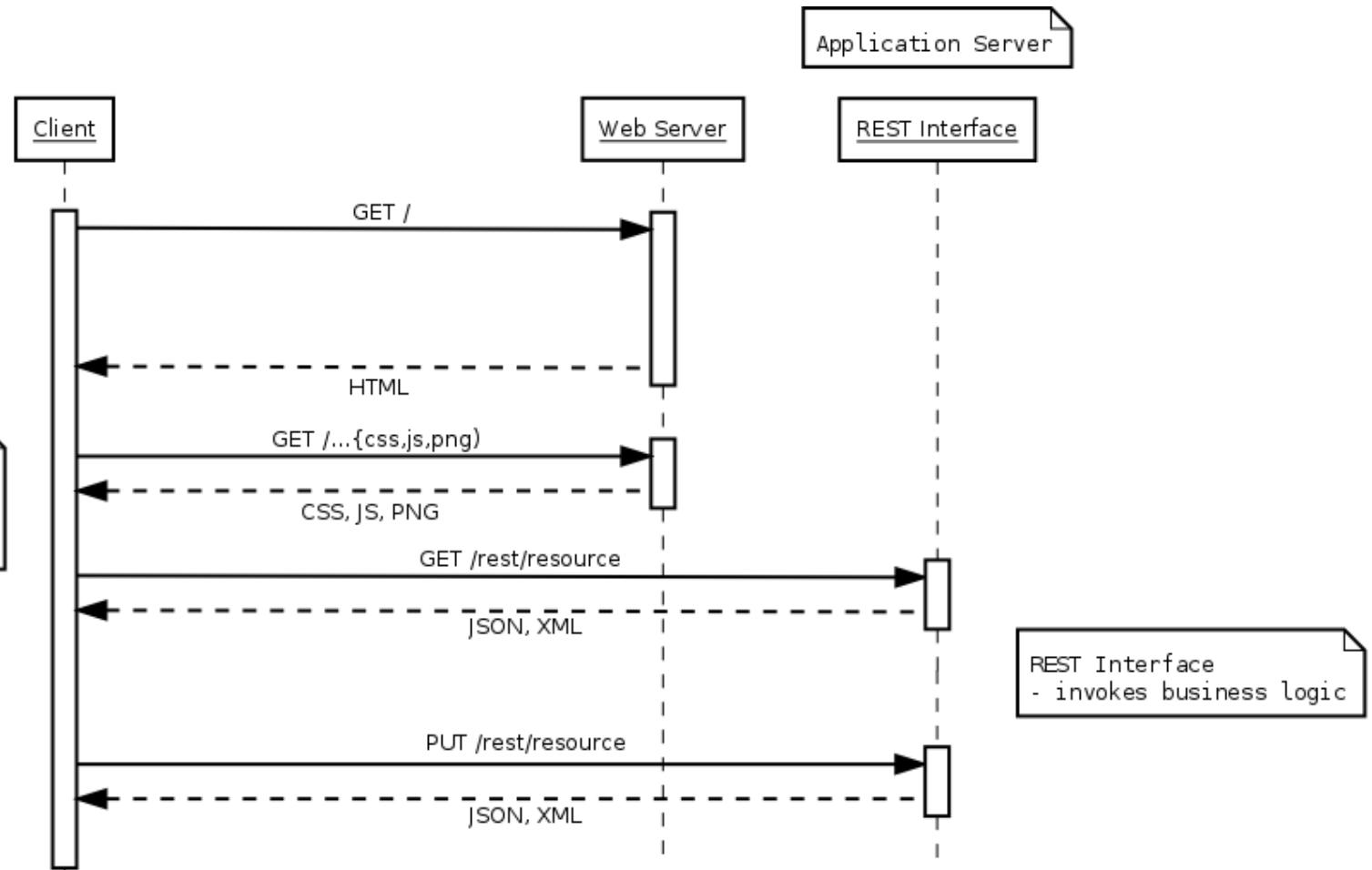
Server-Side



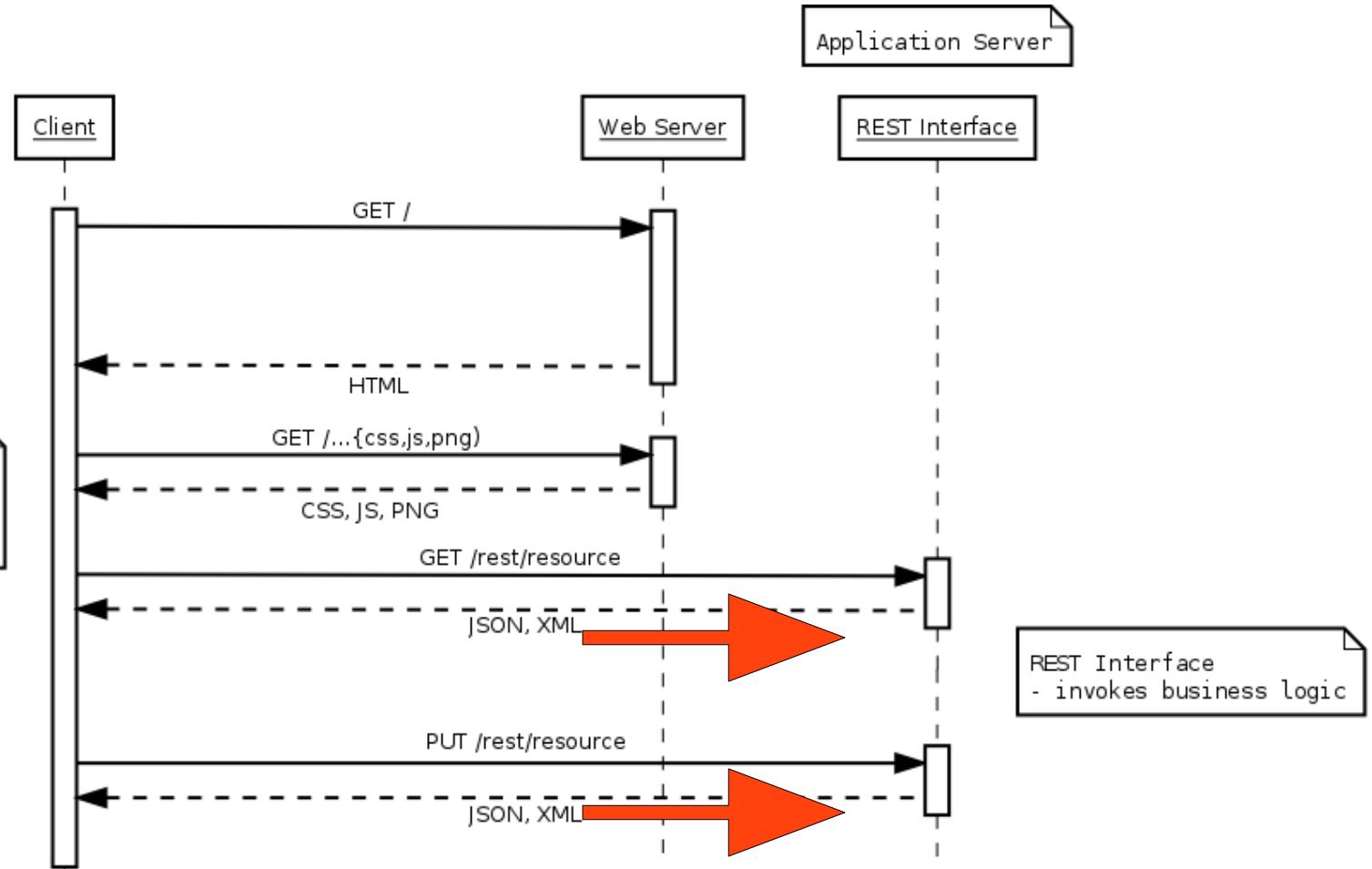
Client-Side



Client-Side



Client-Side



Client-Side Web Approach

- Off-loading server
 - Stateless, Scalable, More battery demands
- Client-Side Frameworks
 - Angular, React, Ember, Backbone,
- Standards improvements
 - HTML5 + Protocols
- REST interfaces
 - Data-oriented, presentation independent

Performance Comparison

TABLE I
CRITERIA RESULTS FOR UNCACHED MEASUREMENT

Criteria	Unit	PF	JSF	AJS	GWT
Page load time	ms	381	255,9	275	280,4
Browser tab CPU		321,2	177,2	311,3	349,8
Browser tab Mem	MB	76	60,7	72,1	74
Uncompressed size	KB	675	80,5	164	177
Compressed trans.	KB	170	19,7	56,5	60,6
Resources		5	3	4	5
Packets		98	54	77	81
Packets size	KB	178,4	24,8	63,6	68,3
Energy impact		6,5	3,8	6,2	7,1
Server CPU		271,2	171,8	64,2	32,8
Server Mem	MB	18,6	18,2	8,5	3,8

Server-Side Advantages

- Well-Known
- No need for another layer of abstraction
- Full granularity and control over the content

Client-Side

- **JAX-RS 2.0** RESTful Services
 - Origins + News in 2.0
- **JSON-P** Java API for JSON Processing
 - Java API for **WebSocket**

Server-Side

- **JSF 2.2 JavaServer Faces**
 - Origins + News in 2.2

Java API for RESTful Services

JAX-RS 2.0

JAX-RS Origins

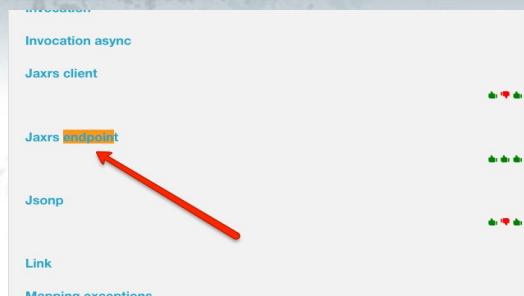
- RESTful Principles
 - Assign everything an ID
 - Link things together
 - Use common methods (GET, POST, ...)
 - Stateless communication

JAX-RS 1.0 Goals

- POJO-Based API
- HTTP Centric
- Format Independence
 - plain/text
 - XML
 - HTML
 - JSON

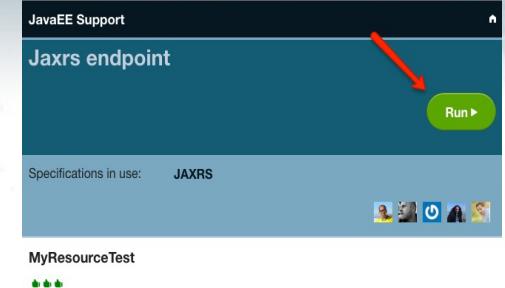
JAX-RS API

- Application Resources
 - `@ApplicationPath` (or `web.xml`)
 - `@Path`
- HTTP methods
 - `@GET` / `@POST` / `@PUT` / `@DELETE` / ...
- Parameters
 - `@PathParam` / `@QueryParam` / ...
- Media-Type
 - `@Consumes` / `@Produces`



Demo

JAX-RS Endpoint



<http://javaee-samples.github.io/>

<http://javaee.support/>

From root of samples (i.e javaee7-samples directory): mvn -DskipTests=true clean install
From javaee7-samples/ {path to sample} directory: mvn test

<server> ./bin/standalone.sh <sample> mvn wildfly:deploy

HTTP Method Purpose

Method	Meaning
@GET	Read, possibly cached
@POST	Modify or create with a known ID (modify/update)
@PUT	Modify or create without a known ID (create/modify)
@DELETE	Remove
@HEAD	GET with no response
(@PATCH)	json-patch

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/630453/put-vs-post-in-rest>

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/25253899/how-to-implement-patch-requests-in-resteasy>

Parameter Injection

Annotation

@PathParam("id")

@QueryParam("query")

@CookieParam("username")

@HeaderParam("Authorization")

@FormParam("inputName")

@MatrixParam("query")

Example

@Path("/consumer/{id}")

GET /consumer/search?query=???

Cookie: ...

Header: Authorization: ...

@Consumes("multipart/form-data")

GET /consumer;name=???/orders

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2048121/url-matrix-parameters-vs-request-parameters>

New in JAX-RS 2.0

- New Features
 - Client API
 - Filters and Interceptors
 - Asynchronous API
 - Hypermedia
- Improvements
 - Content-Type Negotiation
 - Validation Alignments

Demo

JAX-RS – Client API

Filters and Interceptors

- Customize JAX-RS
 - via well-defined extension points
- Use cases:
 - Caching
 - Logging
 - Compression
 - Security
- Shared between server & client

Filters

- Non-wrapping extension points
 - Pre: RequestFilter
 - Post: ResponseFilter
- Each filter decides to proceed or break chain
 - FilterAction.NEXT, FilterAction.STOP

Interceptors

- Wrapping extensions points
 - ReadFrom: ReaderInterceptor
 - WriteTo: WriterInterceptor
- Each handler decides to proceed or break chain
 - By calling `ctx.proceed();`

Asynchronous

- Let “borrowed” threads run free!
 - Suspend and resume connections
 - Suspend while waiting for an event (@Suspended AsyncResponse)
 - Resume when event arrives
- Client API support
 - Future<T>, InvocationCallback<T>

Demo

JAX-RS – Asynchronous

Demo

JAX-RS – Bean Validation

Hypermedia

- Link types
 - Structural links
 - <customer><http://.../customers/1234></customer>
 - Transitional links
 - Links: <<http://.../cancel>>; rel=cancel

Java API for JSON Processing

JSON-P

Motivation: JSON

- JavaScript Object Notation
 - The format of the Web
 - Comes from JavaScript object syntax
 - Human-Readable
 - Language independent
 - Standard parsers in many languages
 - Key-value Pair Format

```
{ "firstName": "John", "lastName": "Smith" }
```

Motivation: Java API for JSON

- Lot of vendor-dependent APIs
 - Need for standardization
- Standard API for JSON processing
 - generate, parse

JSON-P APIs

- Streaming API
 - Similar to StAX
- Object Model API
 - Similar to XML DOM

Demo

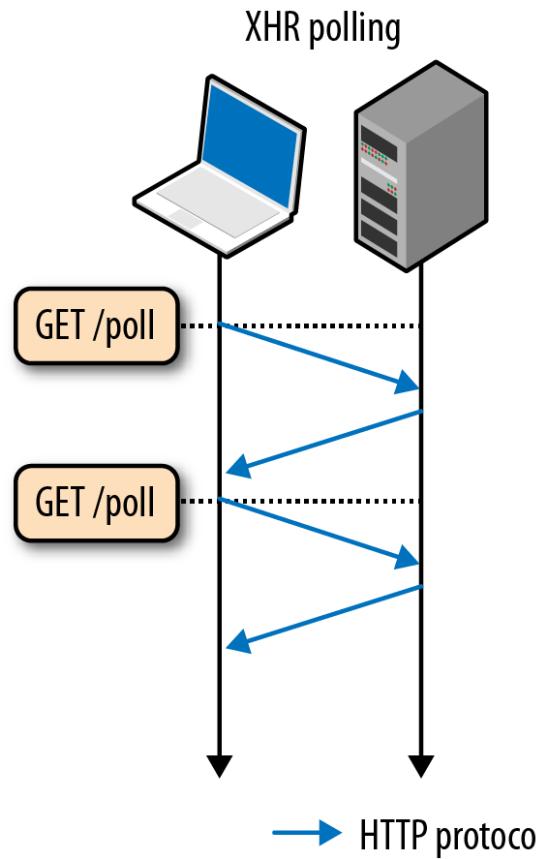
JSON Object Model API

Java API for WebSocket

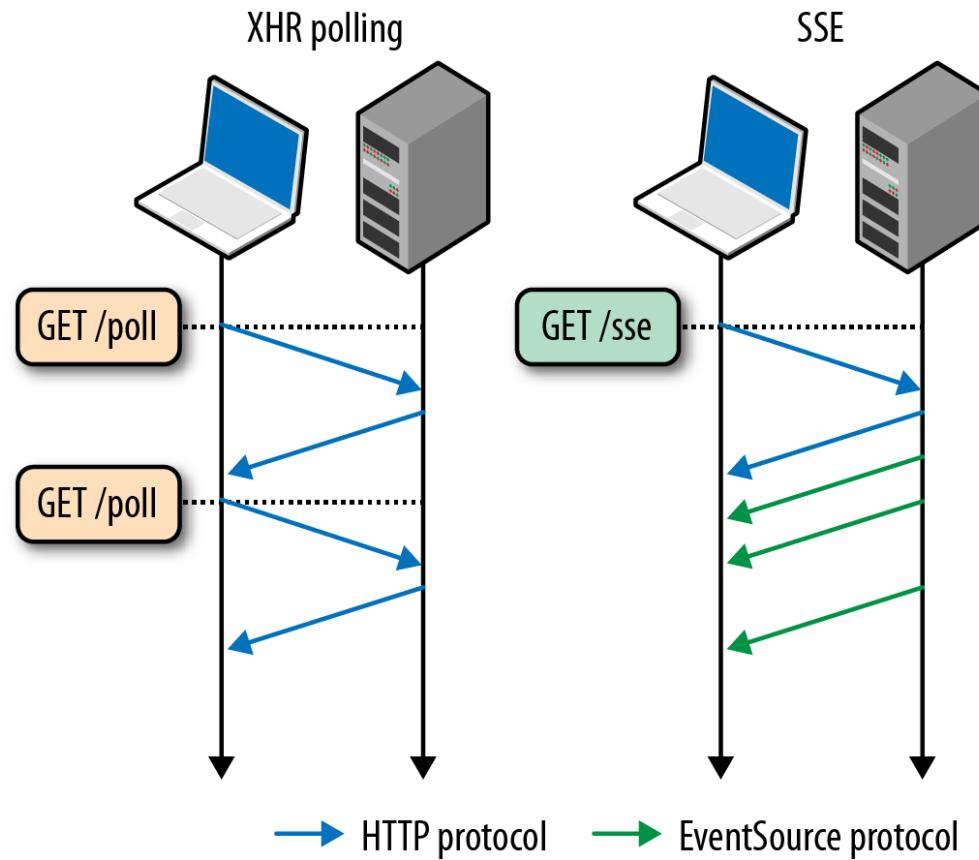
Motivation

- HTTP is half-duplex
- HTTP is inefficient
- HTTP hacked to achieve Push

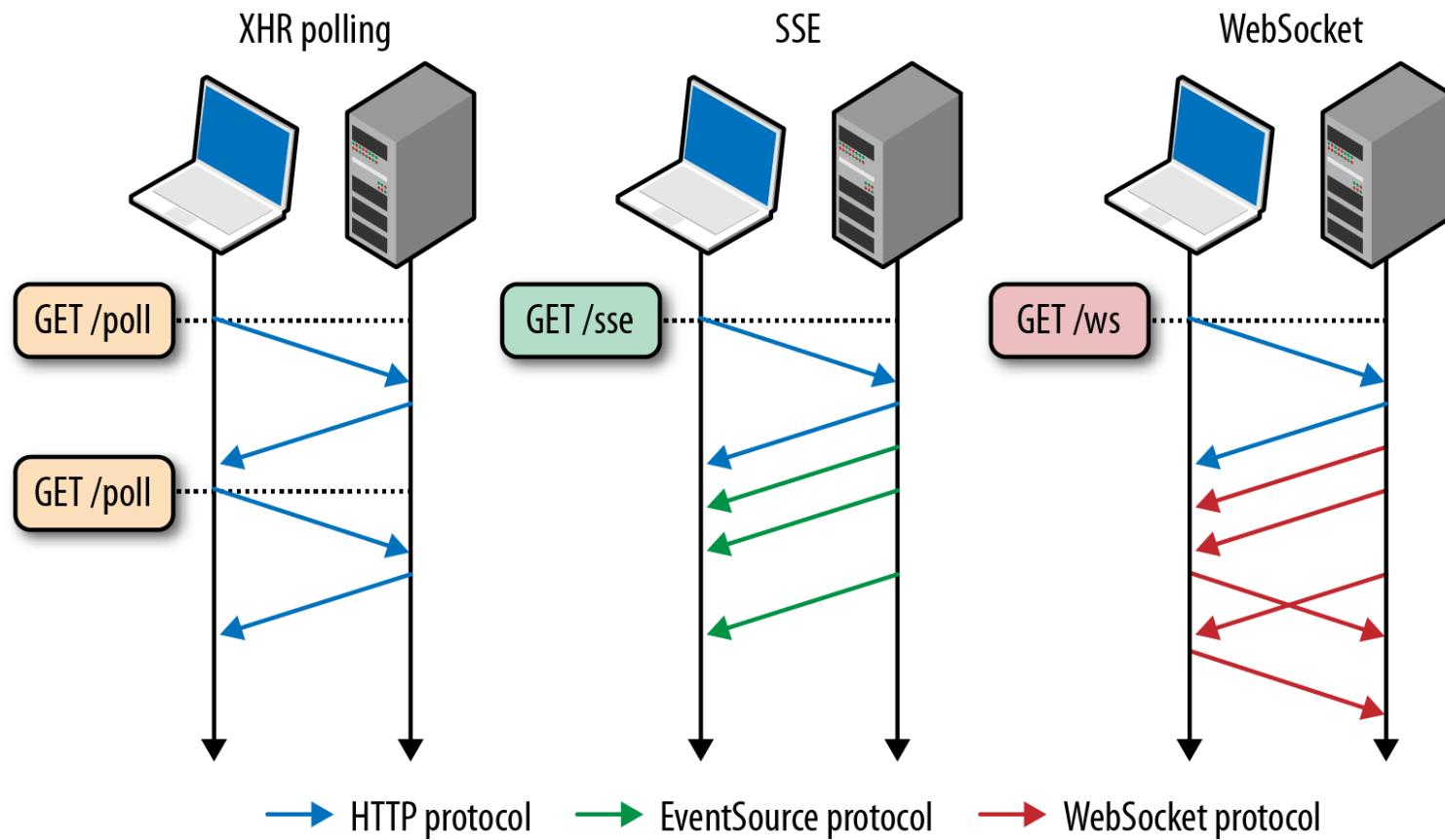
Server Push - Polling



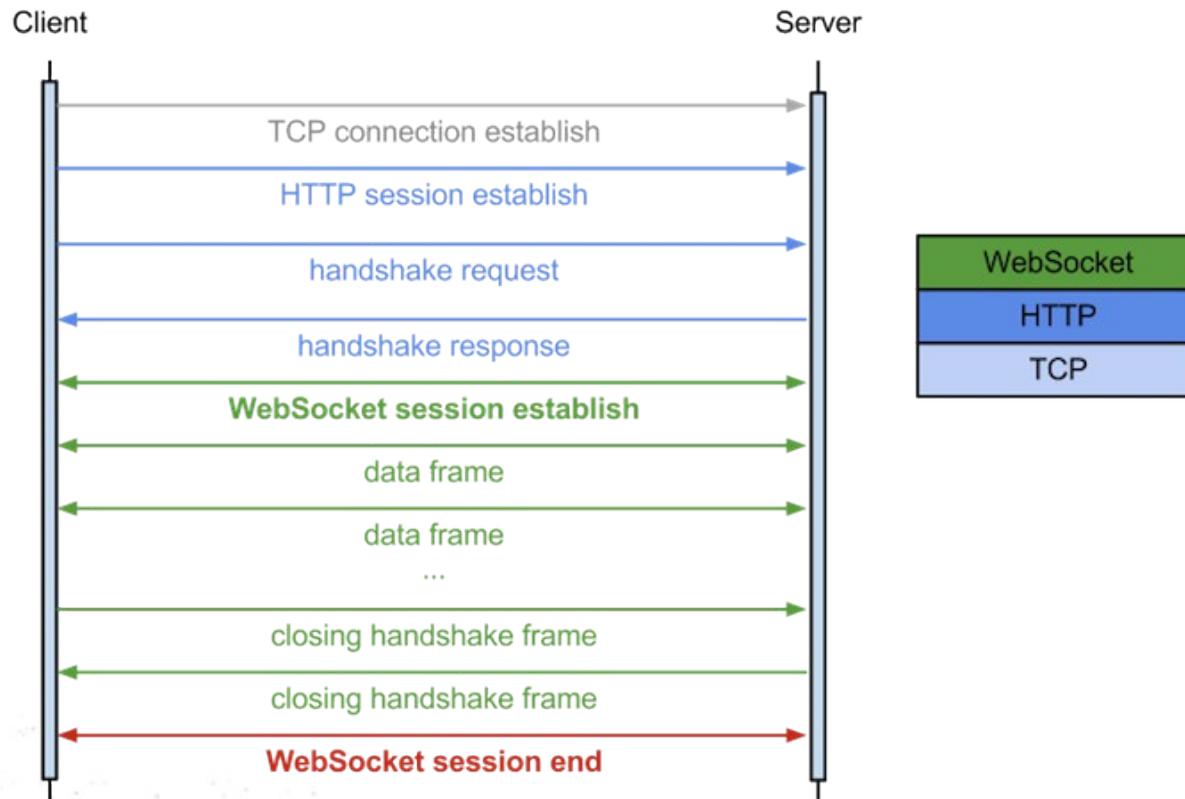
Server Push – SSE



WebSocket



Handshake



WebSocket

- Full duplex & efficient communication
- A component of HTML5
 - JavaScript API under W3C
 - Protocol under IETF
- Wide support for browsers
 - <http://caniuse.com/#feat=websockets>

WebSocket: Limitations

- Use of existing infrastructure
 - Proxies doesn't have to handle connection upgrade
- Fallback mechanisms
 - Atmosphere

WebSocket: Trade-offs

- WebSocket
 - Low efforts to maintain TCP connection
 - Limited by number of available ports
 - **Highly interactive applications**
- HTTP
 - Resource-consuming protocol
 - **Fairly interactive applications**

WebSocket: Use Cases

- Realtime, truly low latency
 - Chat applications
 - Live sports ticker
 - Realtime updating social streams
 - Multiplayer online games
- Requires architecture shift to
 - Non-blocking IO
 - Event queues

Java API for WebSocket

- Programmatic
- Annotation-based
 - our focus

WebSocket Annotations

- `@ServerEndpoint`
 - `@OnOpen`
 - `@OnMessage`
 - `@OnClose`

Demo

WebSocket - Whiteboard

Method Parameters

- Session
- Implicitly supported types
 - String, byte[]
 - JSONArray, JSONObject
- More types supported by Encoders

Integration to Java EE 7

- Relation to Servlet 3.1
 - `HttpServletRequest.upgrade(ProtocolHandler)`
- Dependency Injection
 - CDI beans
 - EJB beans
- Security
 - `ws://...` vs. `wss://...`
 - `web.xml: <security-constraint>`

JavaServer Faces

JSF 2.2

JSF Origins

- MVC Framework
 - Component-oriented
 - Server-Side
 - Extensible
- Component Libraries

Component Libraries

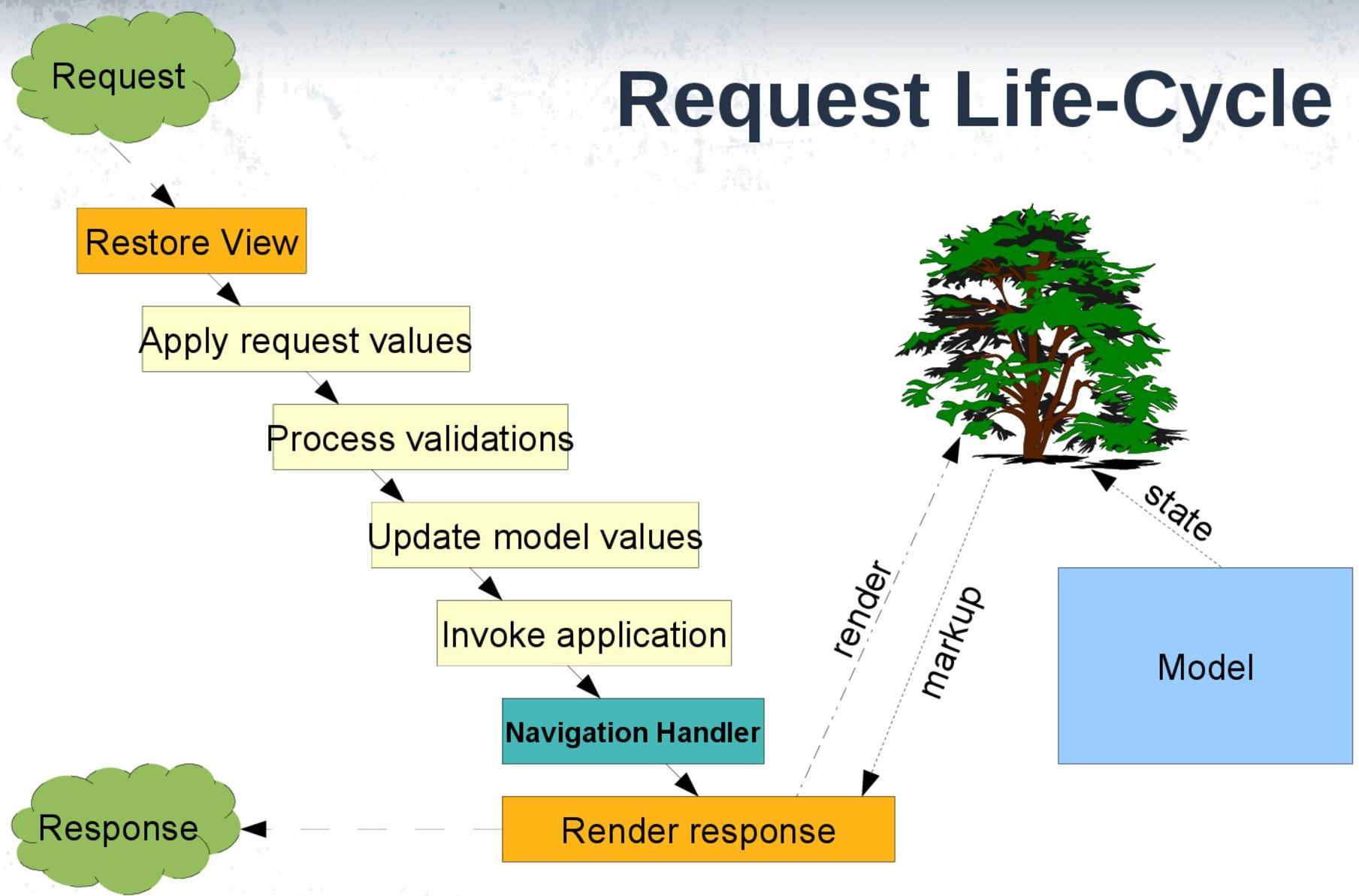
- Rich components
 - PrimeFaces
 - RichFaces
 - ICEFaces
- Functionality
 - PrettyFaces – Pretty URLs, SEO, Bookmarks
 - OmniFaces – Nice features

Component Tree



```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"  
  "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">  
  
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"  
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"  
      xmlns:f="http://java.sun.com/jsf/core"  
      xmlns:ui="http://java.sun.com/jsf/facelets">  
  
  <h:head>  
    ...  
  </h:head>  
  
  <h:body>  
    <h:form ...>  
      <h:selectOneMenu ... >  
        <f:selectItems ... />  
      </h:selectOneMenu>  
    </h:form>  
  
    <ui:repeat ...>  
      <h:outputText ... />  
    </ui:repeat>  
  </h:body>  
  
</html>
```

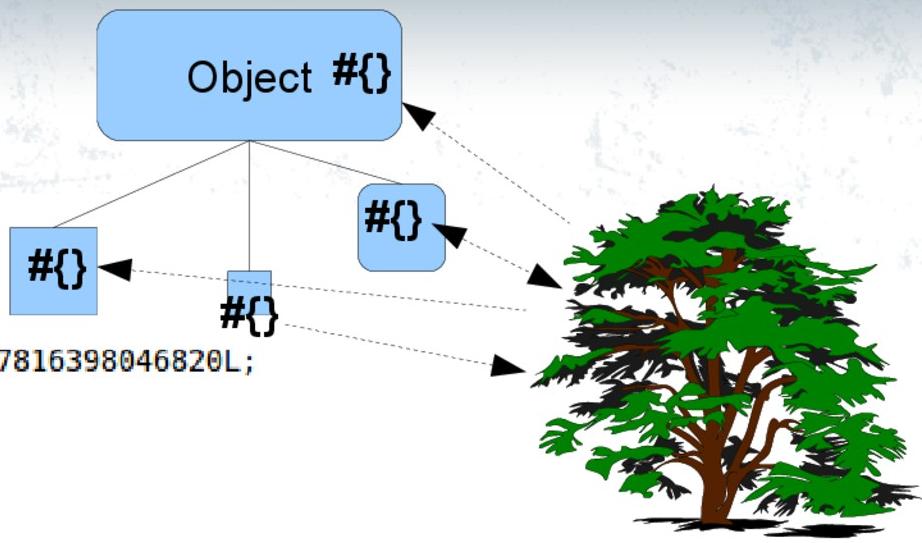
Request Life-Cycle



Model & View

```
@Named  
@SessionScoped  
public class User implements Serializable {  
  
    private static final long serialVersionUID = -8082147816398046820L;  
  
    private String name = null;  
  
    public String getName() {  
        return name;  
    }  
  
    public boolean isLoggedIn() {  
        return name != null;  
    }  
  
    public void login(String name) {  
        System.out.println("login: " + name);  
        this.name = name;  
    }  
  
    public void logout() {  
        this.name = null;  
    }  
}
```

```
<h:form>  
    <h:panelGrid columns="1" style="width: 95%">  
        <h:outputText value="#{user.name}" rendered="#{user.logged}" />  
        <h:inputText id="username" value="#{username}"  
            rendered="#{not user.logged}"  
            validatorMessage="Uzivatelske jmeno musi byt neprazdne" />  
        <f:validateRequired />  
        <f:validateRegex pattern="[a-z]+"/>  
    </h:inputText>  
    </h:panelGrid>  
  
    <h:commandButton id="loginButton" value="Prihlasit se"  
        action="#{user.login(username)}" rendered="#{not user.logged}" />  
  
    <h:commandButton id="logoutButton" value="Odhlasit se"  
        action="#{user.logout}" rendered="#{user.logged}" />
```



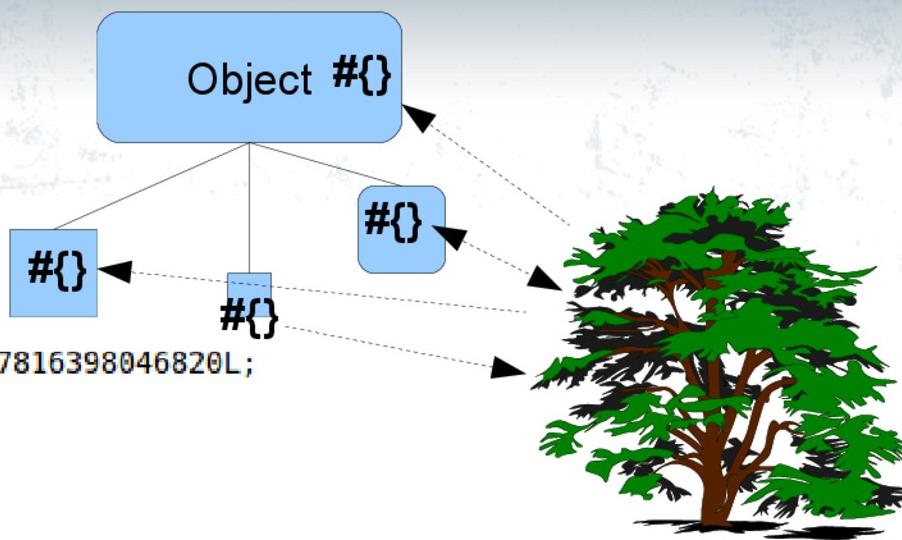
Model & View

```
@Named  
@SessionScoped  
public class User implements Serializable {  
  
    private static final long serialVersionUID = -8082147816398046820L;  
  
    private String name = null;  
  
    public String getName() {  
        return name;  
    }  
  
    public boolean isLoggedIn() {  
        return name != null;  
    }  
  
    public void login(String name) {  
        System.out.println("login: " + name);  
        this.name = name;  
    }  
  
    public void logout() {  
        this.name = null;  
    }  
}
```

```
<h:form>  
    <h:panelGrid columns="1" style="width: 95%">  
        <h:outputText value="#{user.name}" rendered="#{user.logged}" />  
        <h:inputText id="username" value="#{username}" rendered="#{not user.logged}" />  
        <f:validateRequired />  
        <f:validateRegex pattern="[a-z]+"/>  
    </h:inputText>  
    </h:panelGrid>  
  
    <h:commandButton id="loginButton" value="Prihlasit se" action="#{user.login(username)}" rendered="#{not user.logged}" />  
    <h:commandButton id="logoutButton" value="Odhlasit se" action="#{user.logout}" rendered="#{user.logged}" />
```

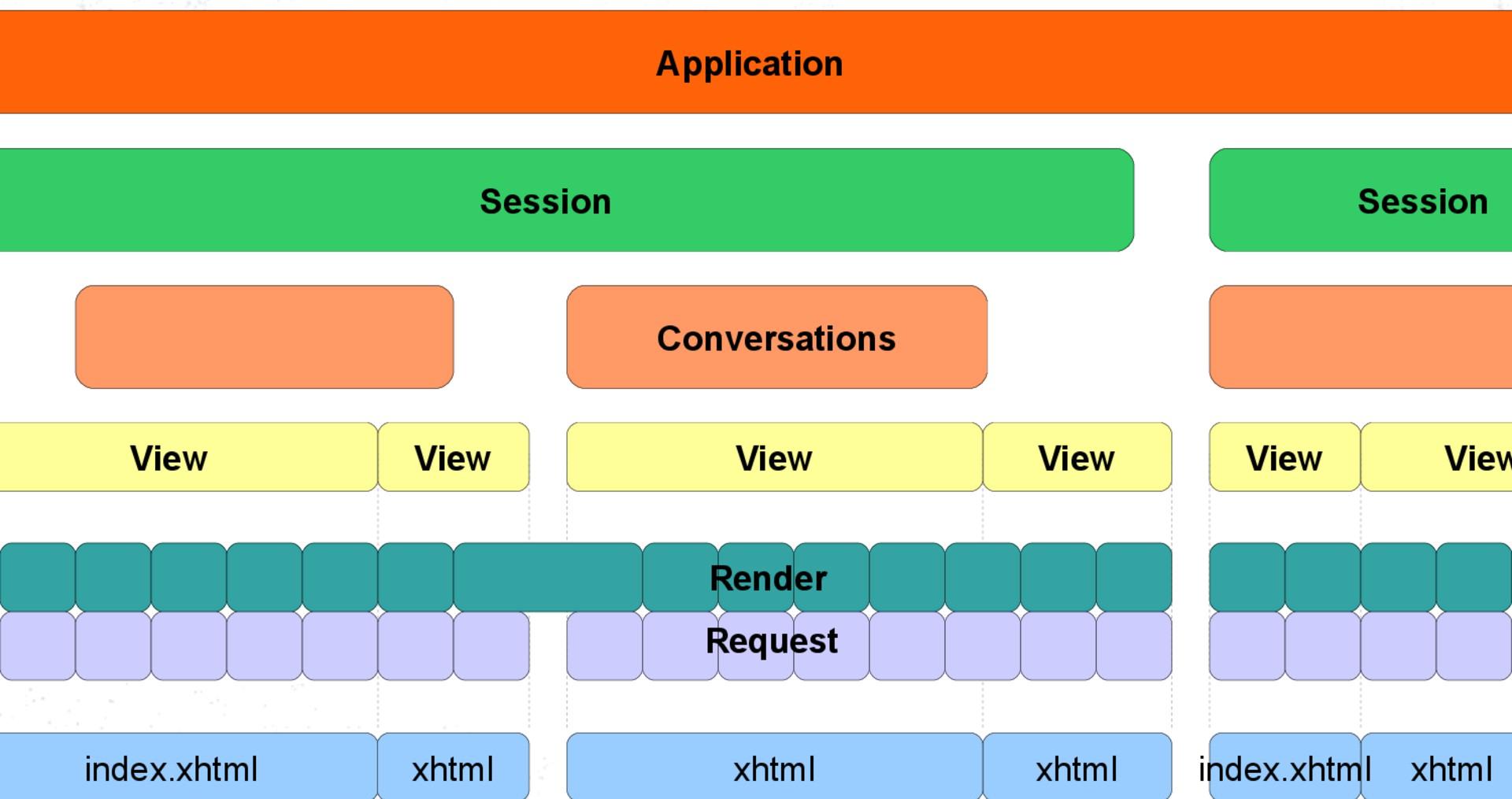
@Named

Expression Language



Bean Scope

t



JSF 1.0 Goals

- What it adds over other frameworks?
 - Maintainability
 - Tooling Support
 - I18N

JSF 2.x Goals

- Standardize on top of Community Innovation
 - Ease of Use
 - Compelling Features
- Gradually Improve
 - Stateless
 - Security
 - HTML5 friendly

HTML5 Friendly Markup

JSF Components

```
<html>
<my:colorPicker value="#{colorBean.color2}" />
<my:calendar value="#{calendarBean.date1}" />
</html>
```

HTML5 Markup

```
<html>
<input type="color" j:value="#{colorBean.color2}" />
<input type="date" j:value="#{calendarBean.date1}" />
</html>
```

That's it

Summary

- JSF
 - Fully-featured web framework core
- JAX-RS
 - RESTful endpoints, SPA, stateless
- WebSocket
 - Realtime bi-directional communication
- JSON-P
 - Standardization of JSON processing

JBoss Community

Thank you

Links

- <http://javaee-samples.github.io/>